QUESTION BANK FOR SELECTION TO THE POST OF OFFICE SUPDT/Gr.II AGAINST 20% LDCE QUOTA

Syllabus:

- I. Office Procedure:
 - a) Dak Handling b) Maintenance of files c) Record Keeping
 - d) Maintenance of Statistics
- II. Writing Skills:
 - a) Letter/DO Writing b) Notifications c) Note Writing d) Speaking Orders.
- III. Award of works in Works Programme.
- IV. Procedure for Stores Procurement.
- V. Railway Organisational Structure.
- VI. Railway Housing (Railway Quarters allotment) Policy.
- VII. Uniform Policy.
- VIII. Booking of Running Staff and non-running travelling staff.
- IX. Discipline & Appeal Rules.
- X. Recognition of Trade Unions. Facilities to Office bearers of recognized unions/Associations. Dealing with Unrecognised Unions/Associations.
- XI. Medical Examination and facilities available to Railway employees.
- XII. Audit and Accounts Narrative Report. Draft Paras and their disposal.
- XIII. Canons of Financial Propriety.
- XIV. Classification of demands for grants.
- XV. Man-Power Planning.
 - Vacancy Bank Register.
 - Creation of Posts.
 - Bench Marking.
 - Supernumerary Posts.
 - Redeployment of surplus staff.
- XVI. Pay and allowances.
- XVII. Pass Rules.
- XVIII. Leave Rules.
- XIX. Railway Pension Rules.
- XX. General Conditions of Service.
- XXI. Hours of Employment Regulations.
- XXII. Labour Laws (at least in their basic form)
 - 1. Industrial Disputes Act, 1947
 - 2. Contract Labour (Regulation & Abolition) Act
 - 3. Payment of Wages Act, 1936
 - 4. Minimum Wages Act, 1948
 - 5. Workmen Compensation Act, 1923
- XXIII. Right to Information Act.
- XXIV. Official Language Rules and Policy.

Note: Questions set in the paper will be normally to assess the writing and analytical power of the candidates w.r.t. various topics as above which circumscribe various ministerial staff. Efforts should be not to tilt the balance in favour of one particular discipline.

I. Office Procedure:

(A) Objective:

- 1. The receipt of dak, except _____, will be acknowledged by the recipient signing his name in full and in ink with date and designation. (ordinary postal dak)
- 2. _____ dak will be separated from other dak and dealt with first. (urgent)
- 3. All covers except those addressed to officers by name or those bearing security grading will be opened by the Central Registry. (say **true** or false)
- 4. All opened dak, will be date stamped except the covers of unopened classified dak. (say true or **false**)
- 5. All dak receipts submitted to officers will move in pads conspicuously labeled as _____. (Dak Pad).
- 6. The dealing hand will check the enclosures of the dak receipts and if any is found missing, initiate action to ______. (obtain/return it. choose correct answer)
- 7. The two main parts of a file are _____ and _____ (notes and correspondence)
- 8. Every page in each part of the file should be consecutively numbered in separate series. (say **true** or false)
- 9. The notes or correspondence portion of the file is said to have been become bulky, if it exceeds ______ folios. (300)
- 10. In the notings, the verbatim reproduction of the extracts from the paper under consideration should not be attempted. (say **true** or false)
- 11. Extracts of a rule or instruction will be placed on the file and attention to it will be drawn in the note, rather than producing the relevant provisions (say **true** or false)
- 12. The apparent errors or mis-statements in a note can be pointed out in courteous and temperate language free from personal remarks. (say **true** or false)
- 13. The dealing hand will append his full signature with date on the _____ his note. (left below).
- 14. An Officer will append his full signature on ______ side of the note with name, designation and date. (right hand)
- 15. Pasting over a note or a portion of it is not desirable. (say **true** or false)
- 16. File system is an arrangement of papers by _____. (subjects)
- 17. Before opening a new file, the dealing hand will ascertain the ______ to which the paper under consideration relates. (standard head)
- 18. As far as possible, there should be a separate file for each _____. (distinct aspect of the subject).
- 19. The movement of files shall be entered in the _____ register. (file movement)
- 20. No current files will be issued to other sections except against _____. (written requisition).
- 21. Under classification of records class 'A' means _____ (keep and microfilm)
- 22. The record classified as Class 'A' does not qualify for permanent preservation for administrative purposes. (say true or **false**)
- 23. The Class B record means ______. (keep but do not microfilm)
- 24. The class C record means _____ (keep for specified period only)
- 25. Ephemeral files are destroyed as soon as they are _____ old. (one year)

(B) Descriptive:

- 1. What is docketing? What is the procedure for numbering of pages in a file?
- 2. What is the action of the dealing hand on the receipts of the dak?
- 3. What procedure is to be followed for receipt, registration and distribution of dak?
- 4. What general principles are to be observed in regard to action on receipts of dak?
- 5. What are the constituents of a file? Explain briefly.
- 6. What are the guidelines on writing of notes?
- 7. What are the provisions regarding modifications to notes?
- 8. What is a file? What are the guidelines for movement of files?
- 9. What is part file? What are the guidelines regarding part files?
- 10. Write briefly about the filing system.
- 11. What is the classification of records? Explain briefly each class.
- 12. Write short notes on the following:

(a) Urgent Dak	(b) Security grading	(c) PUC	(d) File
(e) Docketing	(f) Classified Dak	(g) Part file	

II. Writing Skills:

- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. What are guidelines regarding addressing communications to Officers by name?
- 2. Drafting of Demi-official letter on different matters.
- 3. Drafting of notifications for calling applications in connection with a selection.
- 4. Writing of notes on different issues.
- 5. Drafting of speaking orders.
- 6. What are your suggestions to effect economy in staff expenditure?

III. Award of works in Works Programme:

- (A) Objective:
- 1. In case of open tenders, the minimum period required from date of publication to the date of opening the tender shall be _____. (1month)
- 2. Copies of tender notices may be displayed in the offices of field executives, HOD's offices for a period of not less than . (21 days)
- 3. For limited tenders, _____ days' notice shall be given. (Fifteen)
- 4. In case of quotation tenders, _____ days' notice shall be given. (seven)
- 5. The tender notice should be sent to CPRO's office _____ days in advance for publication in Hind and other national dailies. (Fifty)
- 6. List of Approved works (LAW) costing_____. (more than 30 lakhs & less than 50 lakhs)

- 7. Works for which budget grant was not provided in the sanctioned budget are called ______. (OOT)
- 8. ______ is the nodal officer for preparation of Works Programme and sending it to Railway Board. (PCE)
- 9. SEMD accepted from the contractor borne on approved list for works costing 20 lakhs and 50 lakhs shall be Rs. ______-. (Rs. 50,000/-)
- 10. The security deposit to be paid by the contractor for works costing more than 2 lakhs and upto 2 crores shall be _____. (Rs. 5 lakhs)
- 11. Earnest Money to be deposited along with tenders for works above Rs. 50 lakhs is Rs. ______. (Max. 1 lakh)
- 12. Limited tenders are called through _____. (contractors from approved list)
- 13. _____ is an example for piece work contract. (zonal works)
- 14. Deposit work means ______. (Works of other Government Department done by Railways)
- 15. Urgency certificate is necessary in the case of ______. (repairs to damages to line caused by floods)
- 16. The powers of Divisional Officers to accord administrative approval to Lumpsum works is upto ______. (Nil)
- 17. Powers of JAG Officers in granting technical sanction for tack renewal works is upto ______. (Rs. 1 crore)
- 18. What are the powers of JAG in calling open tenders? (Full Powers)
- 20. The powers of JAG officers in accepting open tenders is upto _____. (upto 30 lakhs)
- 21. Revenue/Bankers solvency certificate is not required while calling tenders above 10 lakhs upto one crore. (say **true** or false)
- 22. Monetary value of Revenue/Banker's solvency certificate required while calling open tenders above one crore is _____. (40% of tender value of advertised work)
- 23. Limited tenders can be invited from contractors borne on the approve list. (say **true** or false)
- 24. Limited tenders can be called upto a monetary ceiling of Rs. _____. (Rs. 1 crore)
- 25. The lowest authority competent to approve calling of limited tenders upto Rs. 10 lakhs is ______. (SAG Officer)
- 26. Limited tenders in the range of more than 10 lakhs upto 25 lakhs can be invited with the approval of the authority of the rank of _____. (DRM)
- 27. PHOD is competent to approve calling of limited tenders of ______. (more than 25 lakhs and upto Rs. 50 lakhs)
- 28. CAOR is competent to approve calling of limited tenders of ______. (more than Rs. 50 lakhs and upto Rs. 75 lakhs)
- 29. The monetary slab for Class D contractor is _____. (upto Rs. 10 lakhs)
- 30 The monetary slab for Class C contractor is _____. (more than 10 lakhs & upto Rs. 25 lakhs)
- 31. The monetary slab for Class B contractor is _____. (more than 25 lakhs & up upto Rs. 50 lakhs)

- 32. The monetary slab for Class A contractor is _____. (more than 50 lakhs & upto Rs. 1 crore)
- 33. The number of monetary slabs fixed for categorizing the contractors in the approved list is ______. (four)
- 34. The validity of approved list of contractors is ______. (three years)
- 35. There will be separate approve lists for Open Line and Construction Organisations for each identified category of works. (say **true** or false)
- Approved list of Class A contractors in constructions organization is maintained by ______. (CAOR)
- 37. The accepting authority for enlistment in the approved list of Class A contractors in Open Line is _____. (PHOD)
- 38. The accepting authority for enlistment in the approved list of Class D contractors in Construction Organisation is ______. (Dy. CE/C)
- The fee chargeable for registration in the approved list of Class A contractors is Rs. ______-. (Rs. 15,000/-)
- 40. The fee chargeable for registration in the approved list of Class B contractors is Rs. ______-. (Rs. 10,000/-)
- 41. The fee chargeable for registration in the approved list of Class C contractors is Rs. ______-. (Rs. 7,500/-)
- 42. The fee chargeable for registration in the approved list of Class D contractors is Rs. ______-. (Rs. 5,000/-)
- 43. The standing earnest money for works costing upto Rs. 10 lakhs is Rs. _____. (Rs. 15,000/-)
- 44. The standing earnest money for works costing between Rs. 10 lakhs & Rs. 25 lakhs is Rs. _____. (Rs. 35,000/-)
- 45. The standing earnest money for works costing between Rs. 25 lakhs & Rs. 50 lakhs is Rs. _____. (Rs. 75,000/-)
- 46. The standing earnest money for works costing between Rs. 50 lakhs & 1 crore is Rs. _____. (Rs. 1,50,000/-)
- 47. The authority competent to approve for works of urgent nature before calling special limited tenders under two pocket system of tendering is . (GM)
- 48. The authority competent to approve for works of special nature before calling special limited tenders under two pocket system of tendering is . (PHOD)
- 49. Minimum number of contractors/agencies for calling quotations is ____. (three)
- 50. For calling single tender finance concurrence is necessary. (say **true** or false)
- 51. Preliminary Works Progaramme is divided into _____ volumes. (four)
- 52. Works Programme is prepared under Demand No. _____. (16)
- 53. LSWP works costing less than 30 lakhs shall be approved by _____. (DRM)
- 54. List of works costing more than 15 lakhs and below 30 lakhs require the administrative approval of ______. (PHOD/HOD)
- 55. LsWP works costing less than 15 lakhs require administrative approval of _____. (DRM)
- 56. Works having no budget grant and not appearing in pink book/Green Book/LSWP is called ______. (Out of turn works)
- 57. Nodal officer for processing out of turn works is _____. (CPDE/CGE)
- 58. Sanctioning authority for processing out of turn works is _____. (GM)

- 59. Power of GM to sanction safety related works under out of turn works is _____. (upto RS. 50 l;akhs)
- 60. Power of GM to sanction other than safety related works under out of turn works is ______. (upto RS. 30 lakhs)
- 61. Safety related works have to be completed from the date of sanction with in _____ months. (eight months)
- 62. Sponsoring authority for works under Plan head of 'Gauge Conversion' is _____. (COM)
- 63. Sponsoring authority for works under plan head of 'Doubling' is _____. (COM)
- 64. Sponsoring authority for works under plan head of 'Rail Electrification Projects' is _____. (CEE)
- 65. Sponsoring authority for works under plan head of 'Staff Quarters' is _____. (CPO/PCE)
- 66. Sponsoring authority for works under plan head of 'amenities of Staff' is _____. (CPO)
- 67. Sponsoring authority for works under plan head of 'Other specified works' is _____. (PCE)
- 68. Sponsoring authority for works under plan head of 'Bridge Works' is _____. (PCE)
- 69. Sponsoring authority for works under plan head of 'Labour Welfare facilities' is _____. (CPO)
- 70. Sponsoring authority for works under plan head of 'Passenger amenities' is _____. (CCM)
- 71. Sponsoring authority for works under plan head of 'Tack Renewal Works' is _____. (PCE)
- 72. Sponsoring authority for works under plan head of 'Workshops including production units' is ______. (PCE, CME,CBE)
- 73. Sponsoring authority for works under plan head of 'New Line Works' is _____. (COM)
- 74. Sponsoring authority for works under plan head of 'Road Safety Works ROB/RUB' is _____. (PCE)
- 75. Sponsoring authority for works under plan head of 'Medical Facilities' is _____. (CMD, CPO)
- 76. Sponsoring authority for works under plan head of 'Metropolitan Railway Projects' is _____. (COM,CCM)
- 77. List of approved works are the works costing ______. (more than 30 lakhs and below 50 lakhs)
- 78. Lumpsum work are the works costing _____. (less than 30 lakhs)
- 79. List of works pertaining to MP and Rolling Stock are included under plan head ______. (Other Specified works)
- 80. A profit center is the office responsible for both _____. (Costs and Revenue)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. Write briefly about Project abstract Estimate.

- 2. Write Short Notes on -(i) Earnest Money Deposit (ii) Standard Earnest Money Deposti (iii) Security Deposit (iv) Limited Tenders (v) Single Tenders (vi) Open Tenders (vii) Approved List of Contactors (viii) Tender Notice (ix) Tender Committee (x) Deposit Works (xi) Price variation clause Explain briefly about -3. (i) Arbitration (ii) Urgency Certificate (iii) material modification (iv) material at site account (v) site order book (vi) Works register (vii) Two packet system of Contract. (viii) SWP (ix) OOT (x) SRSF (xi) LAW
- Write about Works Programme. Describe the various stages involved in 4. preparation of Works Programme.
- 5. Differentiate: (i) Pink Book and Green Book (ii) LSWP Works and OOT Works (iii) Single Tender and Limited Tender (iv) Limited Tender & Open Tender (v) Earnest Money Deposit & Security Deposit
- What is meant by 'briefing note'? What points are to be noted in that note? 6.
- 7. What salient features to be considered while calling Open Tenders?
- 8. What is meant by variations? What is the procedure to process for sanction of variation of quantities in a contract agreement?

IV. **Procedure for Stores Procurement.**

- (A) Objective:
- Procurement of safety items are done through suppliers approved by _____ 1. (RDSO)
- Stock verification for T&P items is done once in two years. (say true or false) 2.
- 3. PAC items are purchased on tender basis. (single)
- In a rate contract, not only rate but also quantity of item is fixed.(say true or **false**) 4.
- 5. Sales Tax/VAT is applicable on packing charges. (say **true** or false)
- All payments towards security deposit should be in favour of _____ only. 6. (Chief Cashier)
- 7. In running contracts, quantity is fixed but rate is not fixed. (Say true or false)
- Full form of PAC is _____. (Propriety Articles Certificate) 8.
- The authority to finalise Rate Contract/Running Contract is (Railway Board) 9.
- The prescribed form for placing indents for procurement of Non-stock items is 10. . (S.1313)
- DGS&D stands for _____. 11.
- PO stands for _____. 12.
- 13.
- CST stands for _____. MODVAT stands for _____. 14.
- FOR stand for _____. 15.

- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. Explain briefly about Rate Contracts and Running Contracts.
- 2. What is AAC? What is its relevance to the procurement of stores?
- 3. Explain briefly about Tender Committees.
- 4. What is local purchase? When do items are procured through local purchase? What are the limitations in the powers for local purchase?
- 5. Distinguish between:
 (a) Rate Contract & Running Contract
 (b) Local purchase & Spot purchase
 (c) EMD & SD
 (d) Single Offer & Single Tender
- 6. What is stock verification? What action to be taken on receipt of stock sheet?
- 7. Explain the system of disposal of scrap on Railways.
- 8. Briefly explain about various types of tenders while procuring materials.
- 9. What is spot purchase? When do items are procured through spot purchase?
- 10. Write short notes on -(i) Stock Sheets (ii) Piece Work contract (iii) Purchase Order (iv) Price preference (v) Reserve price

V. Railway Organisational Structure.

- (A) Objective:
- 1. There are _____ centralized training institutions on Indian Railways (five)
- 2. Railway Staff College is situated at _____. (Vadodara)
- 3. Indian Railways Institute of Civil Engineering is situated at _____. (Pune)
- 4. Indian Railways Institute of Signal Engineering & Telecommunications is situated at ______. (Secunderabad)
- 5. Indian Railways Institute of Mechanical & Electrical Engineering is situated at _____. (Jamalpur)
- 6. Indian Railways Institute of Electrical Engineering is situated at _____.(Nasik)
- 7. Indian Railways Institute of Mechanical & Electrical Engineering also provides Apprenticeship training to the ______ Apprentices. (Special Class Railway)
- 8. RRT has no jurisdiction in respect of classification of any commodity. (say **true** or false)
- 9. RRT has jurisdiction in respect of fixation of lump sum rates. (say true or false)
- 10. RRT has no jurisdiction in respect of fixation of wharfage and demurrage. (say **true** or false)
- 11. RRT has been given the work in connection with the exercise of revisionary powers of General Manager in regard to dismissal, removal and compulsory retirement from service of Class III employees. (say **true** or false)
- 12. RITES has been set up as a Limited Company registered under Companies Act. (say **true** or false)
- 13. RITES renders consultation and management services. (say **true** or false)

- 14. RITES renders consultation services both abroad and in India only in respect of Railways. (say true or **false**)
- 15. RITES renders consultation/management services in respect of Roads, Ports and Harbours also. (say **true** or false)
- 16. The headquarters of RRT is at _____. (Chennai)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. What are the objectives of Railway Management?
- 2. Write briefly about the organizational structure of Indian Railways.
- 3. Write briefly about the field organizations, attached and subordinate offices under the Ministry of Railways.
- 4. What are the Centralised Training Institutions? Write briefly about them.
- 5. Write about setting up of RRT and its role in settling the complaints against Railway administration.
- 6. Write Short Notes on:
 (a) Metropolitan Transport Projects (b) RDSO (c) RRT (d) RITES
 (e) IRCON (f) CAMTECH (g) CORE (h) RVNL (i) IRCTC
- 7. How many zones are there on Indian Railways? Where are their Headquarters Offices? Explain the Organisational structure of Zonal Railway.
- 8. Describe in brief the setting up & development of S.C. Railway and its divisions.
- 9. The main business of Railways is to provide service for transport of public and the goods If so, how can you justify setting up of schools/colleges on Railways?
- 10. The main business of Railways is to provide service for transport of public and the goods If so, what is the justification for setting up hospitals and dispensaries on Railways, when facilities for medical treatment are available in abundance?
- 11. What are your suggestions for privatization of various activities of Railways?

VI. Railway Housing (Railway Quarters allotment) Policy.

- (A) Objective:
- 1. Staff in pay range of ______ are eligible for allotment of type IV quarters.
- 2. Quarter can be retained for a period of _____ on normal rent during leave. (four)
- 3. Railway quarters can be retained for a period of _____ on normal rent during sick leave. (indefinite period)
- 4. Railway quarters can be retained for a period _____ on normal rent during suspension. (without any time limit)
- 5. Railway quarters can be retained for a period of _____ on normal rent on resignation/removal/dismissal from service. (one month)
- 6. Quarter can be retained for _____ on normal rent in the event of death. (24 months)
- 7. Quarter can be retained for a period of _____ on normal rent on retirement. (four)
- 8. In no case retention of accommodation should exceed ______ from the date of retirement or date of school season which ever is earlier. (08 months)

- 9. Railway quarters can be retained during entire period of leave ex India provided that it is certified that he would be _____. (reposted to his original place on expiry of his leave)
- 10. Quarter can be retained for _____ on normal rent on transfer. (two months)
- 11. Retention of Railway quarters in case of death is permissible for _____ months.
- 12. Special license fee is _____ times the normal license fees.
- 13. The staff rendered surplus and posted to another station are permissible
- 14. When a Railway servant is transferred from one station to another, retention of quarters is permissible on account of sickness of his/her widowed mother. (say true or false).
- 15. The occupier of Railway accommodation is charged rent either at the rate of ______ of his pay or the assessed rent whichever is less. (10%)
- 16. Water charges recoverable from a Group C employee for Type IV quarter is Rs. _____p.m. (Rs. 35/-)
- 17. Water charges recoverable from a Group C employee for Type III quarter is Rs. _____p.m. (Rs. 25/-)
- 18. Water charges recoverable from a Group C employee for Type II quarter is Rs.
 _____p.m. (Rs. 15/-)
- 19. The staff/officers who refused to accept accommodation offered to him on the new zone are eligible for retention of quarters at the old station. (say true or **false**)
- 20. Retention of Railway accommodation on medical grounds beyond the permissible period as a special case requires the approval of ______. (Railway Board)
- 21. Railway employees rendered surplus and posted to new stations necessitating change of residence may be permitted to retain Railway accommodation at the previous place of posting for a period of _____. (03 years)
- (B) Descriptive:
- What are the provisions regarding retention of Railway Quarters –

 (i) on transfer
 (ii) on deputation
 (iii) on death of an employee

(iv) on retirement (v) on transfer to a newly formed division

- 2. What are the instructions regarding allotment of quarters? What do you mean by 'out of turn' allotment of quarters? What are the provisions regarding out of turn allotment?
- 3. Write short notes on:
 - (i) Penal rent. (ii) out of turn allotment of quarters
 - (iii) Retention of quarters to staff transferred to NF Railway.
 - (iv) Retention of quarters on transfer to KRCL.
 - (v) Retention of quarters on posting to RCTs.
 - (vi) Retention of quarters on posting to newly forms Divisions/Zones.
- 4. What is the procedure to be followed in processing cases for grant of retention of accommodation over and above the permissible period?
- 5. What are the instructions regarding regulation of allotment of quarters to wife and husband working at the same station?
- 6. What steps are to be taken to discourage Railway employees for unauthorized retention of Railway accommodation?

- 7. Explain the provisions regarding retention of quarters during (a) leave including extra ordinary leave,
 (b) leave on medical grounds
 (c) study leave.
- 8. Explain about policy of hiring of accommodation in Railways for residential use?
- 9. Write short notes on entitlement of various types of house accommodation based on revised scales recommended by Vth Central Pay Commission?

VII. Uniform Policy:

- (A) Objective:
- 1. Helmets may be issued as a T&P item to 10% of strength of Gangmen working at Bridge construction sites in tunnels. (say **true** or false)
- 2. Railway employees in other than public image categories should be given cloth instead of stitched uniform. (say true or **false**)
- 3. Assistant Guards are included in the public image categories for purpose of supply of cloth for uniform. (say **true** or false)
- 4. Luminiscent vests may be issued as T&P items to staff in the category of yard masters. (say **true** or false).
- 5. Canteen staff are to be supplied woolen pant/salwar once in _____ years. (two)
- 6. Gangmen should be supplied luminescent vests once in _____ years. (two)
- 7. Loco Pilots are included in the public image categories. (say **true** or false)
- 8. Waiters are included in the public image categories. (say **true** or false)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. Write short notes on luminescent vests and other items to maintenance staff working on the track?
- 2. What are the provisions regarding supply of cloth and payment of stitching charges to public image categories?
- 3. What are the instructions regarding supply of uniform to Gangmen, Keymen, Mates and patrolmen?
- 4. What are the instructions for payment of stitching charges for uniforms?

VIII. Booking of Running and non-running railway staff:

- (A) Objective:
- 1. The running duty of Loco and Traffic running staff should not ordinarily exceed _____hours at a stretch. (ten)
- 2. Loco and Traffic running staff is entitled to claim rest after performing hours of duty provided they have given 02 hours notice to the controller. (twelve)
- 3. The duty at a stretch should be computed from ______ for the purpose of computing duty of ten hours. (actual departure of the train)
- 4. For the purpose of overtime payment, the hours of work shall be calculated from _______ to ______. ('signing on' to 'singing off')

- 5. Loco Running staff is entitled to engine attendance allowance of _____ minutes before the departure from engine shed and _____ minutes after arrival in the engine shed. (45 minutes; 15 minutes)
- 6. Traffic Running staff is entitled to train attendance allowance of _____ minutes before the departure of the passenger train and _____ minutes after the arrival of the train. (30 minutes; 30 minutes)
- 7. Traffic Running staff is entitled to train attendance allowance of ______ minutes before the departure of the goods train and ______ minutes after the arrival of the train. (45 minutes; 30 minutes)
- 8. Running staff should not normally be away from headquarters for more than ______ days at a stretch. (three or four days)
- 10. Loco and Traffic Running staff are allowed _____ hours rest at headquarters after a running duty of less than 08 hours. (12 hours)
- 11. Loco and Traffic Running staff are allowed _____ hours rest at headquarters after a running duty of 08 hours or more. (16 hours)
- 12. The running staff shall not be called upon to go out before availing _____ hours rest unless it is absolutely necessary in case of accidents and breakdowns. (six)
- 13. The interval between the short trips shall be treated as ______ if it is equal to or less than one hour plus time allowed for train/engine allowance. (duty)
- 14. Running staff shall be granted each month a rest of at least four periods of not less than ______ consecutive hours each or five periods of not less than ______ consecutive hours each including a full night. (30; 22)
- 15. Travelling Ticket Examiners are classified as _____ workers under HOER.
- 16. The duty hours of other running staff like traveling van clerks should be limited to ______hours a week on the average. (54)
- 17. Periodic rest to other running staff like Travelling Ticket Examiners may be given on the scale in the manner laid down for local and traffic running staff. (say **true** or false)
- 18. When a worker not provided with crew rest van travels on duty as passenger, all time spent for traveling beyond a radius of 08 kms from place of his duty shall be treated as _____. (duty)
- 19. When a worker does not travel on any day beyond a radius of 08 kms from the place of duty, the time spent as passenger on duty will not count at duty. (say **true** or false)
- 20. When a worker is provided with crew rest van, the time spent as passenger on duty will not count as duty. (say **true** or false)
- 21. In case Railway employees who have to travel occasionally on duty outside their jurisdiction, ______ of travel time shall be credited towards duty hours. (50%)
- 22. Saloon attendants are classified as _____ under HOER. (essentially intermittent)
- 23. When saloon attendants are required to move out on line with saloon, ______ period of their traveling will be treated as duty. (whole)
- 24. Loco running staff deputed to accompany dead engines may be allowed credit of _______ of the time spent during such journey. (2/3)

- 25. In case of non-running staff, efforts should be made to provide at least one break in continuous night duty in _____ days in addition to weekly rest. (10)
- (B) Descriptive:
- Write short notes on:

 (i) Split shift
 (ii) Rest at out-station to loco and traffic running staff
 (iii) Periodic Rest to Running staff.
 (iv) Tavelling spare on duty
 (v) Engine & Train Attendance
 (vi) Breach of Rest
- 2. What are the instructions regarding Duty hours and Rest to Loco and Traffic Running staff?
- 3. Explain briefly about the duty hours and periodic rest to other running staff like traveling ticket examiners.
- 4. What is the procedure for computation of duty hours of Air-conditioned coach attendants and incharges?
- 5. What principles should be borne in mind while framing the duty rosters?

IX. Railway Servants (Discipline & Appeal) Rules, 1968

- (A) Objective:
- 1. The Railway servants (Discipline & Appeal) Rules came into force on _____.

2. form is used for placing a Railway employee under suspension.

- 3. Suspension is a penalty under D&A Rules, 1968. (say true or false)
- 4. _____form is used for revocation of suspension.
- 5. form is used for imposition of minor penalty.
- 6. form is used for imposition of major penalty.
- 7. form is used for nomination of Inquiry Officer.
- 8. form is used to appoint a presenting officer.
- 9. Subsistence allowance is equal to leave salary, which the employee would have drawn had he been on _____.
- 10. In case the suspension period is prolonged beyond three months for reasons not attributable to the employee, the subsistence allowance may be increased by an amount not exceeding _____% ____.
- 11. In case the suspension period is prolonged beyond three months for reasons attributable to the employee, the subsistence allowance may be decreased by an amount not exceeding _____% ____.
- 12. A retired Railway servant can act as a defense helper (say true or false)
- 13. Retired Railway servants cannot act as defense helper in more than _____ cases at a time.
- 14. The defense helper should be from the same Railway as that of the delinquent employee. (say true or false)
- 15. An official of a recognized trade union may assist in more than three pending disciplinary cases. (say true or false)
- 16. Termination of an employee on reduction of establishment is a penalty under D&A Rules, 1968. (say true or false)

- 17. Withholding of increments for failure to pass any departmental examination is not a penalty under D& A Rules, 1968. (say true or false).
- 18. Reversion of a Railway servant officiating in higher service on the ground that he is considered to be unsuitable for such higher grade is a penalty under D&A Rules, 1968. (say true or false)
- 19. No appeal lies against any order of an ______ nature or of the nature of ______ of the final disposal of a disciplinary proceedings.
- 20. Appeal lies against the order of suspension. (say true or false)
- 21. Any order interlocutory in nature passed by the inquiry can be appealed against. (say true or false)
- 22. While disposing of an appeal, the appellate authority can order re-appointment of the delinquent employee. (say true or false).
- 23. No appeal shall be entertained unless preferred within _____ days.
- 24. The period of 45 days for preferring an appeal is reckoned from _____. (the date on which a copy of the order appealed against is delivered to the appellant)
- 25. The appeal against an order of the disciplinary authority can be preferred by the appellant in his own name. (say true or false)
- 26. The appeal shall be preferred to any higher authority than the disciplinary authority. (say true or false)
- 27. The appeal shall not contain any _____
- 28. No order imposing/enhancing a penalty shall be made by any revising authority unless the Railway Servant concerned has been given ______ against the penalty proposed.
- 29. No proceeding for revision shall be commenced until after the expiry of the period of limitation for _____.
- 30. No proceeding for revision shall be commenced until after _____ of the appeal preferred.
- 31. Rule 25.A of the RS(D&A) Rules deal with
- 32. Every order or notice under RS (D&A) Rules, 1968 shall be served in person on the Railway servant concerned or communicated to him by _____.
- 33. An authority not lower than _______ shall impose the penalties of dismissal/Removal/Compulsory retirement.
- 34. While putting up the case to revision authority, the authority competent thereto can suggest the specific penalty to be imposed. (say true or false)
- 35. If DRM functions as Disciplinary/Appellate authority, ______ shall be the appellate/revision authority.
- 36. The disciplinary proceedings should be closed immediately on the death of the charged employee. (say true or false).
- 37. <u>inquiry is ordered, if necessary, to find out prima facie whether</u> there is any case under DAR.
- 38. Disciplinary Authority decides to conduct inquiry either by _____ or by _____.
- 39. ______ authority fixes the date for inquiry and advises the charged employee.
- 40. The inquiring authority may refuse the request of the delinquent employee for documents, if they are ______ to the case.

- 41. The inquiring authority may refuse the request of the delinquent employee for documents, if they would be against _____ or _____. The inquiring authority, where it is not itself the ______, shall forward to
- 42. the disciplinary authority the records of inquiry.
- Charges framed against a delinquent employee should not be . They 43. should be and definite to convey exact nature of the alleged misconduct.
- 44. The disciplinary authority cannot impose major penalty without conducting enquiry proceedings subject to the exceptions given under Rule of the RS(D&A) Rules, 1968.
- If no presenting officer is appointed, ______ authority will perform the 45. functions of the presenting officer in an inquiry.
- 46. A railway servant on leave preparatory to retirement cannot be nominated as a defence counsel. (say true or false).
- The trade union official nominated as defence counsel should be a member of the 47. recognized trade union for at least _____ (period) at the time of nomination.
- If no presenting officer is nominated, will commence the 48. proceedings by reading out the articles of charge.
- 49. If no presenting officer is nominated, will examine and re-examine the prosecution witnesses.
- What is the time limit for submission of written statement of defence by the 50. delinguent railway servant?
- 51. If the documents cited in the charge sheet are not enclosed to it at the time of serving the same, it shall lead to procedural lapse. (say true or false).
- What is the time limit allowed for the delinquent employee for completion of 52. inspection of the documents?
- Show cause notice is necessary before imposing minor penalty after dropping the 53. major penalty proceedings. (say true or false)
- Recognised trade union official can assist a gazetted railway servant to present his 54. case before the inquiring authority. (say true or false).
- 55. The trade union official who assists the delinquent employee in an inquiry should take nominal fees only. (say true or false)
- A legal practitioner can act as a defence assistant. (say true or false) 56.
- If authority is a legal practitioner, the defence assistant can also be a 57. legal practitioner.
- 58. The ten days time allowed for submission of the written statement may be extended by the authority, if he satisfies that there is enough justification to do so.
- In case the alleged charge is assault, ______ filed in the police station can 59. be one of the relevant documents to be attached to the charge sheet.
- In case the alleged charge is unauthorized absence, _____ can be one of the 60. listed documents.
- If the charge is unauthorized absence, can be one of the witnesses. 61.
- A railway servant under suspension can be granted leave. (say true or false) 62.
- 63. A railway servant under suspension can be given sets of privilege passes in a calendar year at the discretion of the authority not lower than DRM.

- 64. A railway servant under suspension can be given one set of privilege pass in a calendar year at the discretion of the authority not lower than _____.
- 65. In case of removal/dismissal, the cost of privilege passes given to a railway servant under suspension should be recovered. (say true or false)
- 66. Employees under suspension may be given not more than ______ sets of PTOs per year at the discretion of ______.
- 67. The discretion to issue PTOs to employees under suspension may also be exercised by _____.
- 68. PF amount can be recovered from Subsistence allowance. (say true or false)
- 69. Amount due to court attachment cannot be recovered for subsistence allowance. (say true or false).
- 70. Appeal shall be entertained unless preferred within _____ days.
- 71. Rule No. _____ of RS (D&A) Rules, 1968 deals with communication of orders to Railway servants.
- 72. Schedule III of RS (D&A) Rules, 1968 deals with _____
- 73. Special provisions to Group C and D are contained in Rule _____ of RS(D&A) Rules, 1968.
- 74. The authority competent to reduce of increase the subsistence allowance after a period of three months of suspension is ______.
- 75. After a period of three months of suspension, the subsistence allowance may be increased or reduced by _____.
- 76. Railway Servants (D&A) Rules, 1968 apply to casual labour. (say true or false)
- 77. Inquiry is not required to be held in case of DAR proceedings for minor penalty. (say true or false)
- 78. The disciplinary authority can never act as an inquiry officer. (say true or false)
- 79. A typical charge sheet for major penalty necessarily contains _____ annexures.
- 80. A trade union official can act as _____ in a DAR Case.
- 81. Trade Union member can act as Defence counsel in a DAR case against Gazetted Officers. (say true or false)
- 82. Rule 13 of D&A Rules deals with common proceedings. (say true or false)
- 83. No appeal shall lie against any order passed by an Inquiry Officer in the course of an inquiry under Rule 9 of RS (D&A) Rules, 1968. (say true or false)
- 84. Rule 25 of RS (D&A) Rules, 1968 deals with special provisions for Group C & D staff. (say true or false)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. To whom the Railway servants (Discipline & Appeal) Rules, 1968 are not applicable and to whom they are applicable?
- 2. When a Railway servant may be placed under suspension?
- 3. What is meant by deemed suspension? What are the provisions for deemed suspension?
- 4. What is meant by subsistence allowance? What deductions are permissible from subsistence allowance?
- 5. How does the period of suspension is treated under different circumstances?
- 6. List out the minor penalties prescribed under D&A Rules, 1968.

- 7. List out the major penalties prescribed under D&A Rules, 1968.
- 8. What does not amount to penalty within the meaning of Rule 6 of D&A Rules?
- 9. What is the procedure for imposition of minor penalty under D&A Rules, 1968?
- 10. What documents shall be forwarded to inquiry Officer by the disciplinary authority to facilitate conduct of the inquiry?
- 11. Under what circumstances, an inquiry is not required to impose a penalty on the delinquent employee as an exception to Rule 9?
- 12. What are the orders against which no appeal lies under R.17 of D&A Rules?
- 13. Indicate five types of orders against which appeal lies under R.18 of D&A Rules.
- 14. Write briefly about the special provisions available to non-gazetted staff under D&A Rules, 1968?
- 15. Who are the revising authorities under the RS (D&A) Rules, 1968?
- 16. What are the provisions regarding submission of a petition to the President envisaged under Appendix II of IREC, Vol.I?
- 17. Distinguish between:
 - (i) Appellate authority & Disciplinary authority,
 - (ii) Revision & Review (iii) Suspension & Deemed Suspension,
 - (iv) Minor Penalty & Major Penalty (v) Removal & Dismissal
 - (vi) Presenting Officer & Inquiry Officer
- 18. Write Short notes on:
 (i) Defence counsel.
 (ii) Deemed suspension
 (ii) Common proceedings
 - (iii) Deemed suspension (iv) Common proceedings(v)Rule 14 of Railway Servants (Discipline & Appeal) Rules, 1968.
 - (vi) preponderance of probability (vii) Principles of natural justice

(viii) Review under RS (D&A) Rules.

- 19. Draft statement of articles of charge framed against Shri Rao a Lab superintendent, Railway Hospital, Lallaguda, who was found pilfering medicines worth Rs. 200/- from the hospital at about 17.30 hrs., on 21.05.2005..
- 20. Draft statement of imputations of misconduct/misbehaviour in support of the articles of charge framed against Shri Rao, a lab superintendent, Railway Hospital, Lallaguda, who was found pilfering medicines worth Rs. 200/- from the hospital at about 17.30 Hrs., on 21.05.2005.
- 21. Draft statement of imputations of misconduct/misbehaviour in support of the articles of charge framed against Shri Chari, a Sr. Clerk, CPO/O/SC who has misused II Class Privilege Pass No. S 235466 by allowing non-family members to travel under the guise of his wife and widowed mother.
- 22. Draft statement of articles of charge framed against Shri Singh, a Peon, COM/O/SC that he has remained unauthorizedly absent from duty for 200 days from 01.07.1998 to 16.01.99 without prior sanction of leave or production of proper medical certificate from authorised medical attendant.
- 23. Indicate the reasonable opportunities available to defend oneself if one is taken up for Major Penalty under Railway Servants (D&A) Rules, 1968? What further avenues available to him, if he is imposed with the penalty and what procedure shall be followed?

X. Recognition of Trade Unions. Facilities to Office bearers of recognized unions/Associations. Dealing with Unrecognised Unions/Associations.

- (A) Objective:
- 1. One card pass in favour of ______ office bearers shall be issued to each branch of a trade union. (any four)
- 2. The card pass issued to the branches of trade unions are available over the jurisdiction of the branch and to the ______. (divisional headquarters)
- 3. The authority competent to take a decision in regard to the request for allotment of land for construction of branch offices of a recognized union is ______. (GM)
- 4. In case of transfer of office bearer to another office located at a distance in the same area at the same station, there is no need to give notice to the union before hand. (say true or **false**)
- 5. In case of transfer of office bearers from one section to another in the same office, there is no need to give notice to the union before hand. (say **true** or false)
- 6. The procedure laid down for transfer of office bearers need to be followed even in the case of employees to be transferred on SPE/Vigilance cases.(say true or **false**)
- 7. In case employee is transferred on his own request, there is no need to follow usual procedure. (say **true** or false)
- 8. Prior permission of administration would be needed for use of Railway premises for holding meetings of recognized unions. (say **true** or false)
- 9. The requests for use of railway premises for holding meeting of recognized unions should reach the administration _____ days before the meeting. (three)
- 10. Political subjects can also be discussed at the meetings of recognized unions in the Railway premises for which permission is granted. (say true or **false**)
- 11. Administration may insist on the copy of agenda of the meetings of recognized unions before granting permission. (say true or **false**)
- 12. A railway telephone may be provided to the branch offices of the recognized unions also. (say **true** or false)
- 13. General Secretary of a recognized union may be provided with a railway telephone at his residence only when the residential accommodation is within Railway premises. (say **true** or false)
- 14. Divisional Secretaries of reecognised unions are not entitled to railway telephone at residence. (say true or **false**)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. What are the recognized unions on Indian Railways? What are the privileges extended to the office bearers of the recognized unions?
- 2. What are un-recognised unions? What is the Government's policy regarding the un-recognised union?
- 3. What is the Government's policy regarding the grievances put forth by the SC/ST staff associations? What are the privileges extended to the SC/ST staff associations?

- 4. What are the rules in connection with the transfer of a trade union official in different circumstances - (i) on administrative grounds, (ii) on Periodical Transfer, (iii) on request.
- 5. What are the instructions regarding transfer of Trade Union officials?
- 6. What are the instructions regarding grant of permission/use of railway premises for union meetings?
- 7. What are the instructions regarding provision of telephone facility to the offices of recognized unions and their residential accommodation?
- 8. What are the instructions regarding deputation of railway servant as full time paid union worker?

XI. Medical Attendance & Medical Examination:

- (A) Objective:
- Group A of the vision test is in the interest of _____ (public Safety) 1.
- Group A of the vision test is subdivided into ______ classes. (three) 2.
- Foot Plate staff are medically tested for fitness in _____ class of Vision Test. (A/1) 3.
- 4.
- Station Masters are medically tested for fitness in _____ class of Vision Test. (A/2) Inspectorial staff of Loco, Traffic and Signal Department are medically tested for 5. fitness in class of Vision Test. (A/3).
- Group B of the vision test is in the interest of (employee himself and the 6. fellow workers)
- 7. Group B of the vision is subdivided into classes. (two)
- Give two examples of staff medically tested for fitness in B/1 class: Gangmen, 8. Gang mates, Trains clerks, P Way Mistries, TXRs, RPF staff.
- TTEs are medically tested for fitness in _____ class. (B/2) 9.
- Group C of the vision test is in the interest of _____ (administration) 10.
- Group C of the vision test is subdivided into _____ classes. (two) 11.
- Welfare Inspectors are medically tested for fitness in _____ class. (C/1) 12.
- Clerical staff are medically tested for fitness in class. (C/2) 13.
- Periodical Medical Examination of vision test in classes A/1, A/2 and A/3 is held 14. after every years upto the age of 45 years. (three)
- 15. Periodical Medical Examination of vision test for footplate staff of high speed trains should be held once in _____ years upto the age of 40 years. (two)
- Periodical Medical Examination of vision test in classes A/1, A/2 and A/3 is held 16. once in years after the age of 45 years. (a year)
- Periodical Medical Examination of vision test for footplate staff of high speed 17. trains should be held once in _____ years after the age of 40 years. (a year) Periodical Medical Examination in B/1 and B/2 classes is held at the age of _____
- 18. years and again at the age of years. (45 and 55)
- No periodical medical examination is held for _____ and ____ classes.(C/1 and C/2) 19.
- 20. The time spent in journey for PME is treated as (duty)
- The time taken by an employee to equip himself with spectacles etc., without 21. which he is not considered fit for duty should be treated as _____. (leave due)

- 22. The amount payable for joining RELHS at the time of retirement is _
- 23. Medical allowance is granted @ Rs. 100/- p.m. to Railway Pensioner/Family Pensioner residing beyond ______ away from Railway Hospitals.
- 24. _____ qualifying service in the Railways is necessary for joining RELH Scheme.
- 25. Supply of diet is free to employees whose basic pay does not exceed Rs. _____.
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. Explain the different medical classifications under which the non-gazetted staff are divided for appointment in Railway service? Give examples.
- 2. What is RELHS? Who is eligible to join the scheme? What are the benefits under the scheme?
- 3. What are the provisions regarding supply of diet and the charges thereto?
- 4. What are the important provisions regarding reimbursement of expenses of (a) medical treatment and (b) cost of medicines

XII. Audit and Accounts Narrative Report. Draft Paras and their disposal.

- (A) Objective:
- 1. What does C&AG stand for?
- 2. What does PDA stand for?
- 3. What does PAC stand for?
- 4. In how many parts audit inspection reports are issued?
- 5. Who is the head of audit office in zonal railways?
- 6. Who is the head of audit office in Railway Board?
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. What is special letter? When is special letter issued?
- 2. Explain briefly on the role of audit?
- 3. When are Part-I and Part-II audit inspection reports and Notes issued?
- 4. What is a draft para? When is it issued? How is it dealt with by Railway administration?
- 5. Why inspection of any unit by Accounts is essential?
- 6. Describe in brief about the communication from Audit? How are they dealt with by Railway administration?

XIII. Canons of Financial Propriety.

- (A) Objective:
- 1. Under the standards of financial propriety, the sanctioning authority must pay due regard to the principle that expenditure should prima facie be more or less than the occasion demands. (say true or **false**)

- 2. No authority should exercise its powers of sanctioning expenditure to pass an order which will directly or indirectly be to its advantage. (say **true** or false)
- 3. Normally, public money should not be utilized for the benefit of a section of the community. (say **true** or false)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. Write about the cannons of financial propriety?
- 2. Write short notes on Schedule of Powers.

XIV. Classification of demands for grants.

- (A) Objective:
- 1. The proposals of Government in respect of sums required to meet expenditure from the Consolidated Fund of India are to be submitted in the form of ______. (Demands for Grants)
- 2. The demands shall be for _____ expenditure. (gross).
- 3. The Demands No. 1,2 & 3 are in the nature of ______. (general on cost).
- 4. The Demands for Grants are to be presented in _____ parts. (two)
- 6. Sub-heads of the Demands represent _____ (major functions/activities)
- 7. Detailed heads of the Demands represent _____ (break up of the activity of classification)
- 8. The expenditure under Repairs and Maintenance of Plant & Equipment of all Departments shall be charged to Demand No. _____. (7-Abstract E)
- 9. Operating Expenses of Rolling Stock & Equipment shall be charged to _____. (Demand No, 8)
- 10. Operating Expenses Fuel shall be charged to _____. (Demand No. 10)
- 11. Expenditure under Staff Welfare & Amenities shall be charged to _____. (Demand No. 11)
- 12. Charged expenditure required the sanction of President. (say **true** or false)
- 13. Voted expenditure requires approval of Parliament. (say **true** or false)
- 14. Vote on Account represents Grants sanctioned by the Parliament in advance for the short period. (say **true** or false)
- 15. Annexure-J indicates statement of mis-classification. (say **true** or false)
- 16. Annexure-K indicates defects in budget. (say **true** or false)
- 17. Demand 3-13 is known as ordinary working expenses. (say **true** or false)
- 18. Repairs to staff quarters is booked to Demand No. 11(say **true** or false)
- 19. Cost of training is booked to Demand No. 12 (say **true** or false)
- 20. TA to PWI is booked to Demand No. 4 (say **true** or false)
- 21. Payment of DCRG is booked to Demand No. 13 (say **true** or false)
- 22. Salary of CPO is booked to Demand No. 3 (say true or false)
- 23. Salary of GM is booked to Demand No. 3 (say true or false)

- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. What are the demands for grants? Enumerate them.
- Write short notes on
 (a) Demands for grants
 (b) primary units of expenditure

XV. Man-Power Planning.

- (A) Objective:
- 1. Cadre means the strength of a service or a part of a service sanctioned as a separate unit. (say true or false)
- 2. Gazetted post is a post to which appointment is made by
- 3. Lien means the _____ of a Railway servant to hold a post to which he has been appointed on regular basis.
- 4. A permanent post means a post carrying definite rate of pay sanctioned without
- 5. A temporary post means a post carrying a definite rate of pay sanctioned for
- 6. A Tenure post means
- 7. A supernumerary post is a shadow post to which no duties are attached. (say true or false).
- 8. A supernumerary post should be created for indefinite periods. (say true or false)
- 9. A supernumerary post, on vacation by the incumbent, can be filled by another officer in the order of seniority. (say true or false)
- 10. Work charged posts are charged to specific sanctioned works (say true or false)
- 11. An employee who has acquired lien on a post retains the lien on that post while under suspension. (say true or false)
- 12. An employee who has acquired lien on a post retains the lien on that post while officiating in another post. (say true or false)
- (B) Descriptive:

1. Define and explain:

- (i) Temporary Posts
 (ii) Tenure Posts
 (iii) Supernumerary Posts
 (iv) ex-cadre posts
 (v) work charged posts
 (vi) Selection Post
 (vii) Non-selection post
 (viii) Surplus staff bank.
 (ix) matching surrenders
 (x) Bench Marking
 (xi) Vacancy Bank Register.
- Distinguish between:

 (i) Permanent Posts & Temporary Posts
 (ii) Tenure Posts & Temporary Posts
 (iii) Tenure Posts & Ex-cadre Posts
 (iv) Selection Post & Non-selection post.
 (v) Ex-cadre posts & Supernumerary Posts.
- 3. What is meant by lien? What are the provisions regarding retention, transfer and termination of lien of a Railway employee?

- 4. Write a justification for creation of two temporary posts of Stenographers in scale Rs. 4000-6000 in Engineering Department duly indicating the matching surrender required for creation.
- 5. What are the points to be checked before the proposal for creation of additional pots being processed for sanction of the competent authority?
- 6. Man Power Planning needs urgent attention on Indian Railways substantiate the statement.
- 7. What is Manpower Planning? What are its important objectives?
- 8. What is meant by surplus staff? What are the rules governing absorption and seniority of surplus staff in alternative posts?
- 9. What are the provisions regarding absorption of medically decategorised staff in alternative posts?
- 10. Under what circumstances the lien acquired by an employee shall be retained and shall not be retained?
- 11. What are the instructions for speedy re-deployment of surplus staff? What are the instructions regarding fixing their seniority in the alternative posts?
- 12. What are the instructions for training and redeployment of staff
 (i) working in surplus posts,
 (ii) in surplus posts retiring shortly
 (iii) working in intermediate grades.

XVI. Pay and allowances.

- (A) Objective:
- 1. Waiting duty allowance is paid to ______ staff.
- 2. Waiting duty allowance is paid to the running staff due to detention at the station on account of ______ or _____ after they have reported for duty.
- 3. Trip allowance is paid to the Running staff working on ______ and _____ and ______ trains for completion of trips.
- 4. <u>% of the running allowance is reckoned as ay for passes/PTOs.</u>

- 7. Breach of Rest allowance is paid to ______ staff when the rest falls short of the prescribed hours of rest as per HOER.
- 8. National Holiday Allowance is paid to staff drawing pay upto Rs. _____.
- 9. NPA stands for ______ which is paid to ______
- 10. Employees joining training institutions as faculty members are entitled to _________ allowance.
- 11. The staff who are paid nursing allowance are not entitled to NDA for the duty performed during nights. (say **true** or false)
- 12. The classification of cities for the purpose of HRA are ____.(A1, A, B1, B2 and C)
- 13. The classification of cities for the purpose of CCA are _____. (A1, A, B1 and B2)
- 14. Hyderabad is classified as ______ for HRA and ______ for CCA.
- 15. The quantum of rent paid is linked to payment of HRA (say true or **false**)

- 16. Dual charge allowance will be admissible only if the additional charge is held for a period exceeding _____ days. (45 days)
- 17. For the purpose of dual charge allowance, the aggregate of the pay and additional pay shall not exceed Rs. ______ p.m. (26,000/-)
- 18. Transport allowance shall not be included for the purpose of computation of Overtime allowance. (say true or **false**)
- 19. NPA is taken into account for determining the TA entitlements (say **true** or false)
- 20. Leave availed by the officer looking after full duties of another post shall be taken into account for counting the period of dual charge allowance. (say **true** or false)
- 21. Blind and orthopaedically handicapped employees are not entitled to transport allowance if they are availing I Class residential Card pass. (say true or **false**)
- 22. A railway servant is not entitled to HRA if his spouse is allotted with Government accommodation at the same station. (say **true** or false)
- 23. NPA is treated as ay for the purpose of sanctioning advances. (say **true** or false)
- 24. The rate of washing allowance to Group D employee is _____ per month.
- 25. Hyderabad city is classified as _____ for the purpose of HRA.
- 26. Calcutta city is classified as ______ for the purpose of CA.
- 27. The %age of DA payable as on 01.01.2006 is _____
- 28. Rate of transport allowance payable to the employees drawing pay in scale RS. 6500-10500 at a class city is RS. ______-.
- 29. Breach of rest allowance is paid to running staff. (say true or false)
- 30. Night duty allowance is payable to all Group C employees. (say true or false)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. What are the authorised deductions from the Pay bill of a Railway servant?
- 2. What is consolidated TA? What are the rules for payment of consolidated TA?
- 3. What are the occasions on which the employees are entitled to TA for journeys?
- 4. What are the rules regarding payment of conveyance charges for journeys (a) at or near HQrs., and (b) outside Hqrs.?
- 5. What are the accompaniments to a wage bill? What documents are to be verified before claiming the salary of a temporary Railway servant?
- 6. Write short notes on:
- (i) Pay (ii) Personal Pav (iii) Presumptive Pay (iv) Overseas Pay (v) Special Pay (vi) Substantive Pay (vii) Officiating Pay. (viii) Conveyance allowance to handicapped persons (ix) Trip Allowance (xi) Breach of rest allowance (x) Consolidated traveling allowance (xii) Break down duty allowance (xiii) Outstation allowance (xiv) Teaching allowance (xv) Special allowance to gatemen. (xvi) Non-practicing allowance (xvii) Dual charge allowance. 7. Distinguish between: (i) Special Pay & Personal Pay (ii) Substantive Pay & Officiating Pay
 - (i) Special Pay & Personal Pay (ii) Substantive Pay & Officiatin (iii) Presumptive Pay & Time scale Pay

XVII. Leave Rules.

- 1. What are the two categories of strikes?
- 2. Conversion of one kind of leave into another shall be considered if received within _____ days.
- 3. Leave ordinarily begins on the day on which ______ is effected and ends on the day preceding that in which ______.
- on the day preceding that in which _____.
 4. CL shall not be combined with any other kind of leave since it is not _____.
- 5. A railway servant on leave may not take any service in India without previous sanction of _____.
- 6. No railway servant shall be granted leave of any kind for a continuous period exceeding _____.
- 7. Leave shall not be granted to a railway whom a competent authority has decided to ______, or ______ or ______ from service.
- 8. Permission of the leave sanctioning authority is required to join duty canceling the leave sanctioned to him. (say true or false)
- 9. A railway servant who has taken leave on medical certificate may not return to duty until he has produced a ______ from _____.
- 10. Willful absence from duty after expiry of leave renders a railway servant liable to disciplinary action. (say true or false)
- 11. A railway servant other than one who is working in a railway school shall be entitled to ______ days leave on average pay in a calendar year.
- 12. The leave account of every railway servant shall be credited with leave on average pay in advance in _____ instaments of _____ each on the first day of and every calendar year.
- 13. The leave at the credit of a railway servant at the close of every half year shall be carried forward to next half year subject to the condition that the closing balance does not exceed _____ days.
- 14. Ordinarily the maximum leave on average pay that may be granted at a time to a railway servant shall be _____ days.
- 15. In the year of appointment, LAP shall be credited to the leave account of an employee at the rate of _____ days for each completed calendar month of service.
- 16. In the year of retirement/resignation of a railway employee, LAP shall be credited at the rate of _____ days for each completed calendar month of service.
- 17. In case of removal/dismissal/death of a railway servant, credit of LAP shall be allowed at the rate of ______ days per completed calendar month upto the end of the month preceding the month in which one is removed/dismissed/deceased.
- 18. During extra ordinary leave, the credit of LAP to be afforded to the leave account at the commencement of next half year shall be reduced by ______ of the period of such leave subject to a maximum of ______ days.
- 19. During absence treated as dies non, the credit of LAP to be afforded to the leave account at the commencement of next half year shall be reduced by _____ of the period of such dies non subject to a maximum of _____ days.
- 20. A permanent/temporary railway servant shall be entitled to leave on half average pay of _____ days in respect of each completed year of service.

- 21. The amount of leave on half average pay that can be availed of in one spell shall be limited to ______.
- 22. The leave on half average pay shall be credited to the leave account of a railway servant on 1^{st} of _____ and _____ at the rate of 10 days each in advance.
- 23. In the year of appointment, LHAP shall be credited to the leave account of an employee at the rate of _____ days for each completed calendar month of service.
- 24. In case of removal/dismissal/death of a railway servant, credit of LHAP shall be allowed at the rate of ______ days per completed calendar month upto the end of the month preceding the month in which one is removed/dismissed/deceased.
- 26. While calculating the completed months of service, the month may be rounded off to the next higher if it exceeds more than 15 days (say true or false)
- 27. In case the period of absence is treated as dies non, the credited to the LHAP account shall be reduced by _____ of the period of dies non subject to a maximum of 10 days.
- 28. There is no limit to the number of days of commuted leave to be availed of during the entire service.
- 29. Commuted leave may be granted at the request of the employee even when leave on average pay is due to him.(say true or false)
- 30. Grant of Leave not due shall be limited to the leave on half average ay he is likely to earn thereafter. (say true or false)
- 31. Leave not due during the entire service shall be limited to _____ days on medical certificate.
- 32. Leave not due is debited against the _____ leave he is likely to earn subsequently.
- 33. In case a railway servant who has been granted leave not due resigns from service or permitted to retire voluntarily, the retirement/resignation takes effect from
- 34. If the retirement is ______ on the railway employee, no leave salary for the period of leave not due availed shall be recovered from the employee.
- 35. No temporary railway servant shall be granted extra ordinary leave in excess of three months without a medical certificate. (say true or false)
- 36. A railway servant who proceeds on LAP is entitled to leave salary equal to the pay drawn before proceeding on leave on average pay. (say true or false)
- 37. The increment due on a day during the leave period shall not be drawn till the employee resumes duty. (say true or false)
- 38. A railway servant on extraordinary leave is not entitled to any leave salary. (say true or false)
- 39. The payment of cash equivalent of leave salary shall be limited to a maximum of days of leave on average pay.
- 40. Entire leave on half average pay at the credit of railway servant who retire on superannuation, shall be allowed to be encashed subject to the condition that

^{41.} A female Government servant with less than _____ children may be granted maternity leave.

- 42. Maximum of the maternity leave admissible is _____ days.
- 43. Maternity Leave can be combined with any other kind of leave (say true or false)
- 44. Total period of Maternity Leave on account of miscarriage/abortion should be restricted to _____ days in entire career of a female servant.
- 45. The maternity leave shall not be debited from the leave account (say true or false).
- 46. A male Government servant with less than _____ children may be granted paternity leave.
- 47. Maximum of the paternity leave is _____ days.
- 48. The paternity leave shall be availed of with in _____ months.
- 49. The paternity leave shall be availed during _____
- 50. The paternity leave shall be availed during confinement of his wife i.e., ______ days before or upto ______ months from the date of delivery of the child.
- 51. In case the paternity leave is not availed off with in 6 months it shall be treated a lapsed. (say true or false).
- 52. Paternity leave is granted to a Casual Labour who has been granted _____
- 53. leave is granted to a Railway servant who is disabled by injury inflicted or caused in or in consequence of due performance of his official duty or in consequence of his official position.
- 54. Special disability leave shall be combined with any other kind of leave (say true or false).
- 55. Maximum period of Special Disability Leave granted in consequence of any one disability shall be ______.
- 56. Leave salary payable during the first 120 days of Special Disability leave shall be equal to leave salary while on _____.
- 57. Leave salary payable beyond 120 days of Special Disability leave shall be equal to leave salary while on ______.
- 58. Hospital Leave shall be granted to a railway servant other than _____
- 59. Total period of Hospital Leave, including other kinds of leave combined with it, shall not exceed _____.
- 60. Study Leave shall be granted to Railway servants in accordance with the rules prescribed in ______ to Indian Railway Establishment Code, Vol.I.
- 61. Study leave shall count as service for increment. (say true or false).
- 62. Study leave shall count as service for pension. (say true or false)
- 63. Study leave shall count as service for seniority. (say true or false)
- 64. Study leave shall count as service for promotion. (say true or false)
- 65. Study Leave for study out side India shall be granted by
- 66. Apprentice Mechanics are entitled to leave on full stipend for a period not exceeding _____ days in any year of apprenticeship. (16 days).
- 67. Apprentice Mechanics are entitled to leave on half stipend on medical certificate for a period not exceeding ______ days in any year of apprenticeship. (20 days).
- 68. Trade apprentices may be granted leave on full stipend for a period not exceeding days in any year of apprenticeship. (12 days).
- 69. Trade Apprentices may be granted leave on half stipend on medical certificate for a period not exceeding _____ days. (15 days).

- 70. Pro. ASMs and Commercial Clerks who are trained for appointment and not put on the time scale during the period of training may be granted leave as applicable to ______. (Apprentice Mechanics).
- 71. Workshop staff are allowed to take leave for periods of not less than ______ (half a day).
- 72. Leave for half a day means authorised absence from duty for over _____ (period) before interval or the second period of any day on which the workshop remains open for both the periods. (half an hour)
- 73. The concession of granting half day leave to workshop staff is limited to ______ occasions in a year. (six)
- 74. Advance of leave salary is permissible if the railway servants proceeds on leave for a period not less than _____ days. (thirty)
- 75. The advance of leave salary granted shall be adjusted in full from the ______ in respect of the leave availed of. (leave salary bill)
- 76. In a year _____ days of CL is entitled to an employee appointed in an administrative office
- 77. Paternity leave came into effect from
- 78. A Railway servant who resigns or quits service shall be entitled to cash equivalent in respect of LAP on the date of cessation of service to the extent of ______ of such leave at credit.
- 79. Extra Ordinary Leave on medical grounds does not qualify for grant of increments. (say true or false)
- 80. Casual leave can be combined with joining time. (say true or false)
- 81. Trade apprentices may be granted leave on full stipend for a period not exceeding 12 days in a calendar year. (say true or false)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. To whom the Railway Servants (Liberalised Leave) Rules, 1949 shall apply?
- Write short notes on –

 (i) Special Disability Leave,
 (ii) Hospital Leave,
 (iii) Extraordinary Leave,
 (iv) Leave not due,
 (v) Study Leave,
 (vi) Maternity Leave,
 (vii). Leave Encashment
 (viii) Paternity Leave (ix). Commuted leave

 What are the formulae for calculation of cash payment for unutilized LAP and
- 3. What are the formulae for calculation of cash payment for unutilized LAP and LHAP. What are the provisions for payment of leave encashment to the staff against whom disciplinary proceedings for major penalty are pending?
- 4. (a) Write the formula for calculation of cash payment in lieu of unutilized Leave at Average Pay.
 (b) Calculate the cash equivalent of unutilized leave of 285 days left to the credit of an employee on retirement w.e.f. 31.12.2005. The details of pay and allowances drawn by him prior to retirement are given below: Pay: Rs. 10000/-; DP: 5000; DA:21%; HRA:15%; CCA: Rs. 300/-; Tansport allowance: Rs. 800/-
- 5. (a) What are the provisions for granting leave encashment to an employee resigned from service?

(b) Calculate the cash equivalent of unutilized leave of 280 days left to the credit of an employee on resignation from service w.e.f. 31.12.2005. The details of pay and allowances drawn by him prior to retirement are given below:

Pay: Rs. 10000/-; DP: 5000; DA:21%; HRA:15%; CCA: Rs. 300/-; Tansport allowance: Rs. 800/-

- 6. Explain the procedure for crediting of leave to the account of an employee. What are the provisions regarding maintenance/ verification of Leave Accounts?
- 7. What are the reasons for missing leave accounts? Explain how to overcome. What is the laid down procedure for re-construction of a missing leave account?

XVIII. Railway Pension Rules.

- (A) Objective:
- 1. Under Pension Rules, Child means son or unmarried daughter of a railway servant under ______ years of age.(25)
- Under Pension Rules, minor means a person who has not completed the age of years. (18)
- 3. In case of a Railway servant who retires voluntarily after completing 20 years of qualifying service, the date of retirement shall be treated as ______. (non-working day).
- 4. The day on which a railway servant retires shall be treated as his last working day. (say **true** or false)
- 5. A railway servant shall not earn two pensions in the same service or post at the same time. (say **true** or false)
- 6. Re-employed pensioners are entitled to a separate pension or gratuity for the period of his re-employment. (say true or **false**)
- 7. Future good conduct shall be an implied condition of every grant of pension or its continuance. (say **true** or false)
- 8. The ______ authority may, by order in writing, withhold or withdraw a pension, if the pensioner is convicted of a serious crime or is found guilty of grave misconduct. (appointing)
- 9. Where the President orders recovery of pecuniary loss from pension, the recovery shall not ordinarily be made at a rate exceeding ______ of the pension admissible on the date of retirement. (1/3)
- 10. In respect of a retired railway servant against whom departmental or judicial proceeding are pending, the Accounts Officer shall authorise provisional pension not exceeding ______. (the maximum pension)
- 11. No gratuity shall be paid to the railway servant until the conclusion of the departmental or judicial proceedings. (say **true** or false)
- 12. If the departmental proceedings are initiated for imposing any of the penalties specified in clauses ________ of Rule 6 of RS (D&A) Rules, 1968, the payment of gratuity shall be authorised to be paid. (Clause i, ii, iii(a) and iv).

- 14. No recovery shall be made if the pension finally sanctioned is less than the provisional pension. (say **true** or false)
- 15. A Group 'A' officer shall obtain previous sanction of the Government to accept any commercial employment before the expiry of _____ years from the date of retirement. (two)
- 16. All railway servants shall obtain previous sanction of the Government to accept any commercial employment after retirement. (say true or **false**)
- 17. Where the Government does not communicate the refusal to grant permission to take up commercial employment to the applicant within _____ days of receipt of the application, the Government shall be deemed to have granted permission. (60)
- 18. Period of service treated as dies-non shall be treated as service for pensionary benefits. (say true or **false**)
- 19. Period of unauthorized absence shall not be treated as service for pensionary benefits. (say **true** or false)
- 20. Unpaid holidays granted to railway workshop staff shall be treated as qualifying service. (say **true** or false)
- 21. Period of employment in a part-time capacity shall also constitute service for pensionary benefits. (say true or **false**)
- 22. In case where railway accommodation is not vacated by a railway servant after superannuation or after cessation of service, full amount of retirement gratuity shall be withheld. (say **true** or false)
- 24. In the event of death in harness of a temporary railway servant, his family shall be eligible to family pension on the same scale as admissible to family of permanent railway servants. (say **true** or false)
- 25. Terminal gratuity shall be admissible in case where the railway servant concerned resigns his post. (say true or **false**)
- 26. Terminal gratuity shall not be admissible to a probationer discharged for failure to pass the prescribed test. (say **true** or false)
- 27. Service rendered as substitute shall be counted for pensionary benefits if followed by absorption in a regular post without any break. (say **true** or false)
- 28. The period of suspension shall qualify for pensionary benefits only if it had been treated as _______. (duty or leave due as the case may be)
- 29. Period spent on training immediately before appointment to service shal count as qualifying service. (say **true** or false)
- 30. The period of interruption in service between the date of removal and the date of reinstatement shall not count at qualifying service unless regularized as duty. (say **true** or false)
- 31. Dismissal of a railway servant from service shall not lead to forfeiture of his past service. (say true or **false**)
- 32. Resignation of a railway servant from service shall lead to forfeiture of his past service. (say **true** or false)
- 33. Any deficiency in the qualifying service of a railway servant shall not be condoned. (say **true** or false)

- 34. A pension granted or awarded under the Railway Services (Pension) Rules, 1993 shall not be less than _____ per month. (Rs. 1250/- + DP=Rs. 1875/-)
- 35. A railway servant who is dismissed or removed from service shall forfeit his pension and gratuity. (say **true** or false)
- 36. The authority competent to dismiss or remove a railway servant from service sanction compassionate allowance in case deserving of special consideration. (say true or false)
- 37. The compassionate allowance shall not exceed _____ of pension or gratuity or both. (2/3)
- Compassionate allowance sanctioned shall not be less than _____ per month. (Rs. 1250/-)
- 39. At any time after completion of _____ years of qualifying service, a railway servant may retire from service voluntarily. (20)
- 40. The qualifying service on the date of voluntary retirement of a railway servant shall be increased by the period not exceeding _____ years. (5)
- 41. Added years of weightage to the qualifying service of a railway servant retired voluntarily does not in any case exceed _____ years. (33).
- 42. Weightage of 5 years shall also be admissible in the case of those railway servants who prematurely retired under Rules 1802 to 1804 of the Indian Railway Establishment Code, Vol.II. (say true or false)
- 43. The amount of service gratuity shall be calculated at the rate of _____ month's emoluments for every completed six-monthly period of service. (half)
- 44. Maximum Pension is limited to _____ per month.
- 45. Minimum service to get the eligibility for pension is _____ years. (ten)
- 46. In calculating the length of qualifying service fraction of a year equal to 3 months and above shall be treated as a completed one half year. (say **true** or false)
- 47. The amount of pension finally determined shall be in whole rupees. (say **true** or false)
- 48. Where the pension contains a fraction of a rupee it shall be rounded off to the next higher rupee. (say **true** or false)
- 49. In the case of a railway servant retiring after completing qualifying service of not less than _____ years, the amount of pension shall be calculated at _____ % of average emoluments subject to a maximum of _____. (33, 50% and _)
- 50. Maximum of Death-cum-retirement gratuity shall be _____. (3.5 lakhs)
- 51. If a railway servant dies while in service after putting in 20 years or more qualifying service, the death gratuity payable shall be ______ of emoluments for every completed six monthly period of qualifying service subject to a maximum of ______ times the emoluments provided that the amount of gratuity payable shall be limited to ______. (half, 33, 3.5 lakhs)
- 52. In case no nomination exists and if there are one or more surviving members of the family, the gratuity shall be paid to all such members in _____ shares. (equal)
- 53. The minimum family pension payable shall be ______% of the minimum of the scale. (30%).

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- 54. The Pension Scheme was introduced in Railway on
- 55. The Family Pension Scheme was introduced in Railways on ______.
- 56. The maximum amount of Pension that can be commuted is ______.

- 57. Pensioners would be entitled to have commuted portion of Pension restored to them on expiry of _____ years from the date of retirement.
- 58. DCRG payable on retirement to a Railway servant who has put in 15 years of service is ______ times the emoluments.
- 59. An employee who had 34 years of qualifying service dies while in service, his widow is entitled to the Death Gratuity for _____ months.
- 60. Minimum Family Pension is Rs.
- 61. The maximum amount of Deposit linked insurance admissible is Rs.
- 62. The minimum service required to sanction of Pension is _____ years.
- 63. Formula for calculating monthly pension of the employee on retirement is
- 64. The qualifying service required for pensionable staff to accept voluntary retirement is ______ years.
- 65. The minimum Pension is _____
- 66. % of pension can be commuted on retirement.
- 67. The relief is payable on ______ pension.
- 68. The family pension shall not be less than _____% of the minimum of the scale held by the employee at the time of retirement/death.
- 69. The pension shall not be less than ______% of the minimum of the scale held by the employee at the time of retirement.
- 70. The deposit linked insurance scheme is linked to _____
- 71. Maximum amount of gratuity payable to a retired railway employees is ______.
- 72. DCRG payable depends on the rate of DA admissible (say true or false)
- 73. Pay for the purpose of Gratuity is the last pay drawn plus DP (say true or false)
- 74. Maximum amount of pension payable shall be Rs.
- 75. Commuted value payable is linked to the age of the employee retiring from service (say true or false)
- 76. Minimum qualifying service for payment of retirement gratuity is _____ years.
- 77. Minimum qualifying service required for payment of pension is _____ years.
- 78. Minimum qualifying service for accepting request for voluntary retirement is ______years.
- 79. Maximum qualifying service reckoned for fixing the pension is _____ years.
- 80. One may choose to receive monthly pension by money order (say true or false)
- 81. The account for drawl of pension can a joint account with wife. (say true or false)
- 82. An employee removed from service is entitled for pension (say true or false)
- 83. An employee dismissed or removed from service is entitled to draw compassionate allowance at the discretion of the ______ authority.
- 84. The pension becomes payable to the retired employee from the last working day of his service (say true or false)
- 85. The entire gratuity can be withheld if the employee does not vacate the Railway quarter (say true or false)
- 86. The widows and dependent children of deceased CPF retires who had retired from service prior to 01.01.1986 shall be granted ex-gratia w.e.f. (01.01.1986)
- 87. The ex-gratia payment shall not be payable to more than one member of the family at the same time. (say true or false)

- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. What is qualifying service? What periods are not treated as service for pensionary benefits?
- What are the rules regarding counting of service in respect of
 (i) a substitute
 (ii) on probation
 (iii) under suspension
 (iv) Military service
- 3. What are the provisions regarding emoluments and average emoluments for the purpose of pensionary benefits?
- 4. Write short notes on
 (i) DCRG
 (ii) Commutation of Pension
 (iii) Family Pension
 (iv) Restoration of commuted portion of pension
 (v) Qualifying service
 (vi) Average emoluments
 (vii) compassionate allowance
- 5. What are the rules for grant of Death cum retirement gratuity?
- 6. Mr. A retired voluntarily w.e.f. 06.07.2000. He was drawing pay of Rs. 6,000/from 01.08.98 till retirement except two spells i.e., from 12.02.2000 to 29.02.2000 and 16.03.2000 to 31.03.2000 during which he drew higher rate of pay of Rs. 6,125/-. He was on extra ordinary leave for 11 days from 01.02.2000. Calculate the average emoluments for the purpose of pension.
- 7. Mr. A retired from service on attaining the age of superannuation on 30.06.2001 AN after putting in 33 years of service. He drew a pay of Rs. 9.500/- from 01.03.2000 and Rs. 9750/- from 01.03.2001 in scale Rs. 7500-250-12000. Calculate the pension and family pension admissible in his case.
- 8. The following are the details of emoluments drawn by Mr.A during his service:
 (i) Pay: Rs. 10,750/- (ii) Special Pay: Rs. 500/- (iii) Personal Pay: Rs. 275/(iv) Dearness Pay: Rs. 5,375/- (v) Dearness allowance: 24%.
 (vi) Qualifying service: 22 years 9 months 10 days.
 Calculate the Retirement Gratuity admissible in his case. Also calculate the death gratuity admissible to his family members in case of his death in harness.
- 9. A central Govt. servant drawing pay of Rs. 9,000/- in scale Rs. 7500-250-12000 from 01.11.1999. He died on 31.10.2000 while in service. His date of birth is 6.6.42. Calculate the Family Pension admissible to his wife.
- 10. Mr. X a Central Government employee drawing pay of Rs. 10,475/- in scale Rs. 8000-275-13000 from 01.11.1997 retired on superannuation on 31.03.1998. His date of birth is 01.04.1940. Calculate the pension admissible to him and the family pension admissible to his wife in case of death on 03.03.2001.
- 11. What are the provisions regarding ex-gratia payment to (i) the families of CPF retirees and (ii) to the CPF retirees?
- 12. Write about the salient features of the new pension scheme, 2004.

XIX. General Conditions of Service.

- 2. Absorption of Medically decategorised Staff.
- (ii) Advances.
- (iii) Casual Labour and Substitutes
- (iv) Confidential Reports
- (v) Compassionate Ground Appointment
- (vi) Fixation of Pay & Drawl of increments.
- (vii) Group Insurance Scheme
- (viii) Joining Time Rules
- (ix) Pass Rules
- (x) Promotions
- (xi) Provident Fund
- (xii) Recruitment Rules
- (xiii) Reservation Rules
- (xiv) Selections
- (xv) Seniority Rules.

(i) Absorption of medically decategorised staff:

- (A) Objective:
- 1. The committee to assess suitability of medically decategorised staff for absorption in alternative posts should include a medical officer. (say true or false)
- 2. Absorption of medically incapacitated staff in alternative posts in departments other than the one in which he was working at the time of incapacitation should be considered only if it is not possible to absorb him in other wings of the same department. (say true of false).
- 3. Absorption of medically decategorised staff in alternative posts carrying lower grades is contravention of the Disabilities Act. (say true or false)
- 4. No option is available to a medically decategorised employee to decline the alternative employment if offered in equal grade. (say true or false)
- 5. A Railway servant who fails in a vision test by virtue of disability acquired during service becomes physically incapable of performing the duties of the post which he occupies shall be discharged from service duly arranging settlement dues. (say true or false)
- 6. The medically decategorised/incapacitated staff should be shifted to some other post with the same pay scale and service benefits. (say true or false)
- 7. Modification of the scheme of absorption of medically decategorised staff in alternative employment is necessitated due to the enactment of ______. [Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act, 1995]
- 8. Consequent on enactment of the Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act, 1995, the then existing

instructions on the subject of absorption of medically decategorised staff had ben amended vide Correction slip No. _____. (77)

- 9. The rules in connection with absorption of medically decategorised staff in alternative posts are contained in paragraphs ______ to _____ of Chapter ______ of the Indian Railway Establishment Manual, Vol.I (1989 edition). (1301 to 1315 or Chapter XIII)
- 10. Railway servants declared medically unfit are classified into _____ groups. (2)
- 11. The two groups of staff declared medically unfit are (i) _____ and (ii) _____. [(i) those who cannot be declared fit even in C medical category and (ii) those disabled for further service in the post they are holding but fit in a lower medical category and eligible for retention in service in posts corresponding to the lower medical category]
- 12. No officer has the authority to permit the Railway servant if he is declared medically unfit for the post held by him. (say **true** or false)
- 13. The Railway servants declared medically unfit cease to perform the duties of the posts held by them from . (the date they are medically declared unfit)
- 14. If a medically decategorised Railway servant cannot be immediately absorbed in any suitable alternative post, he may be kept on a ______ post of equal grade. (special supernumerary post)
- 15. The special supernumerary post created to accommodate medically decategorised staff shall stand abolished as soon as _____. (the alternative employment is located)
- 16. While absorbing medically decategorised staff in alternative posts, it shall be ensured that ______. (interests of other staff in service are not adversely affected)
- 17. The committee to adjudge the suitability of the medically decategorised staff for absorption in alternative post shall consist of ______. (two or three officers)
- 18. If there is no immediate prospect of employment in the unit/division concerned, the details of the Railway servant shall be circulated to _____ where suitable employment is likely to be found. (all other officers/establishments)
- 19. To determine the scale of pay for absorption of medically decategorised running staff in alternative posts, ______ shall be added to the maximum and minimum of the scale of pay of running staff. (an amount equal to such %age of pay in lieu of running allowance)
- 20. The staff who get their cases recommended for a change of category on medical grounds are treated as transferred on own request. (say **true** or false)
- 21. The medically decategorised employee who is kept on special supernumerary post has a right to decline the alternative employment of equal grade to which he is posted. (say true or **false**)
- 22. Absorption of medically decategorised staff in a grade lower than the one held by them at the time of decategorisation is in contravention of the provision of Persons with Disabilities Act, 1995. (say **true** or false)
- 24. The requests of medically decategorised employees with less than 20 years of service to quit Railways may be accepted and their cases settled under Rule of Manual of Pension Rules. [R. 55 read with R.69(2)(b)]
- 25. Employees who are offered alternative posts in the same grade but are unable to perform duties attached to the posts owing to physical condition may be referred

for ______ and _____ may be given. (review, job counseling for adaptation to new jobs)

- 26. Absorption of medically decategorised staff in other departments be considered only when it is not possible to absorb them in ______ of the same department. (other wings)
- 27. The committee to assess suitability of the medically decategorised staff for absorption in alternative posts should include a medical officer. (say **true** or false)
- 28. Employees declared medically disabled/decategorised on or after _______ upto ______ and absorbed in lower grades than the one held by them on regular basis may be reviewed and decided at the level of GM. (07.02.96, 28.4.99)
- 29. Drivers who are medically decategorised upto Class A-3 are eligible to be considered for the post of _____. (Loco Inspectors)
- 30. The surplus staff who are superannuating within the next three years who cannot be redeployed at the same station for any reason shall be placed against ______ posts forthwith. (special supernumerary)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. What are the instructions for absorption of medically decategorised staff in alternative posts and fixing their seniority in the alternative posts?
- 2. Explain the various steps to be taken for finding alternative employment to absorb the medically disabled staff.
- (ii) Advances:
- (A) Objective:
- 1. _____, _____ and ______ are called advances for conveyance.
- 2. Rules regarding Conveyance advances are contained in _____ chapter of the Indian Railway Establishment Manual.
- 3. Cycle advance is admissible to non-gazetted employees drawing Pay plus DP less than _____.
- 4. The amount of cycle advance payable shall be _____ or _____ whichever is less.
- 5. The maximum instalments permissible for recovery of cycle advance are _____.
- 6. Cycle advance at II time is permissible after _____ years.
- 7. Scooter/Motor Cycle advance is admissible to Railway employees drawing Pay plus DP of Rs. ______ or _____.
- 8. The amount of Scooter/Motor cycle advance payable shall be _____ or _____ whichever is less on the first occasion.
- 9. Maximum instalments permissible for recovery of Scooter/Motor cycle advance are _____.
- 10. Second or subsequent Scooter/Motor Cycle advance is restricted to ______ or _____ whichever is less.
- 11. Second/subsequent Scooter/Motor Cycle advance is not permissible unless _____
- 12. The Railway servant who has availed the advance of Scooter/Motor Cycle shall produce the registration certificate of vehicle on his own name with ______.

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13.	Rate of interest collected on Scooter/motor Cycle is	
14.	Motor Car advance is admissible to employees drawing Pay plus DP of Rs	
15.	The amount of Motor Car advance payable shall be or whichever is less on the first occasion.	
16.	Maximum instalments permissible for recovery of Motor Car advance are	
17.	Second or subsequent Motor car advance is restricted to or	
	or whichever is less.	
18.	Second or subsequent Motor car advance is permissible only after years	
	from the date of drawl of last advance.	
19.	Vehicle should be purchased within from the date of drawl of advance.	
20.	Rate of interested collected on Motor Car advance is	
21.	Table fan advance is admissible to staff only.	
22.	The table fan advance admissible is or whichever is least.	
23.	The maximum instalments permissible for recovery of fan advance is	
24.	There is no provision of fan advance for second time (say true or false)	
25.	Warm Clothing advance is admissible to Group C & D staff posted to stations.	
26.	The staff posted to hill stations either on first appointment or on transfer for a	
	period of not less than one year is entitled to advance.	
27.	The amount of warm clothing advance is Rs	
28.	The warm clothing advance is payable once in years.	
29.	The warm clothing advance is recoverable in instalments.	
30.	PC advance is admissible to staff drawing pay of Rs	
31.	The maximum amount of PC advance admissible on first occasion is	
51.	or whichever is less.	
32.	The amount of PC advance admissible on second or subsequent occasion is	
	or which ever is less.	
33.	Maximum number of instalments permissible for recovery of PC advance is	
34.	Advance on transfer is admissible if the transfer is in interest.	
35.	The interest recovered on transfer advance is	
36.	The amount of transfer advance payable is	
37.	The pay for the purpose of transfer advance is	
38.	The transfer advance is recoverable in	
39.	Transfer advance can be drawn at the old station or new station (say true or false)	
40.	The transfer advance is not admissible in mutual transfers (say true or false).	
41.	The advance of TA payable shall be	
42.	The advance of TA is adjusted through The flood advance is recoverable in instalments.	
43.	The flood advance is recoverable in instalments.	
44.	Flood advance is permissible on certification about floods by authorities.	
45.	Festival advance is payable to staff drawing pay of RS	
46.	The amount of festival advance payable is Rs.	
47.	The festival advance is recovered in instalments.	
48.	The interest recovered on festival advance is	
49.	Festival advance is paid once in a	
50.	Temporary employees have to produce from permanent railway	
	employees for drawl of Festival advance.	

- 51. A temporary Railway servant is entitled for House Building advance after having put in ______ years of continuous service.
- 52. Motor Car advance to SAG officers can be sanctioned by _
- 53. The amount of funeral advance payable to the families of Railway servants is ______ or ______ whichever is less.
- 54. The funeral advance is recoverable in _____ instalment/s from _____.
- 55. Fan advance can be sanctioned to a Jr. Clerk. (say true or false)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. What are interest bearing advances? Explain the conditions of eligibility, maximum amount admissible and recovery of any four such types of advances.
- 2. What are interest free advances? Explain the conditions of eligibility, maximum amount admissible and recovery of any four such types of advances.
- 3. A Railway servant was sanctioned an advance of Rs. 70,000/- which was paid in two equal instalments on 26th June, 1999 and 29th July, 1998. The advance was to be repaid in 100 instalments of Rs. 700/- each. The rate of interest chargeable on the advance is 9% p.a. Recovery of the principle amount commenced from the pay of October, 1998. Calculate the amount payable by the Railway servant if he wishes to repay the advance with interest on29th April, 2000.
- 4. Calculate the interest payable on an amount of Rs. 3,80,000/- sanctioned to Mr. A towards House Building Advance @ 12% p.a. If the amount is drawn in two instalments each of Rs. 1,90,000/- on 31.3.2001 and on 01.08.2001 and a recovery of Rs. 3,600/- p.m., commenced from November, 2001 and cleared in 105 equal instalments and the balance in 106th instalment. What shall be the interest payable, if Mr. A adopted small family norms and is very prompt in repayment of house advance. insuring the and submitting the necessarv the documents/declarations in time.
- 5. Mr. X was sanctioned Rs. 30,000/- towards Scooter advance in March, 2002 opted for recovery of the advance in 60 equal monthly instalments. The scooter was purchased in April, 2002 and recovery commenced in April, 2002. During 2003, Mr. X was on EOL and the recovery could not be effected for the period from January, 2003 to October, 2003 and there after the recovery continued as usual till the entire amount of advance is repaid. If the interest rate applicable is 11% p.a., calculate the interest payable.

(iii) Appointment on compassionate grounds:

- (A) Objective:
- 1. Where an employee dies in harness leaving behind only the widow, i.e., without any children, appointment of a near relative is permissible. (say true or false)
- 2. Wards of Gazetted officers are not entitled for compassionate ground appointments. (say true or false)
- 3. Wards of Group D staff are eligible for CG appointment in Group D only. (say true or false)

- 4. CG appointment is not permissible in case a casual labour with temporary status dies while in service. (say true or false)
- 5. The time limit to give appointment in priority one cases is three months. (say true or false)
- 6. Divisional Railway Managers are competent to consider the relaxation of minimum age limit in deserving cases of compassionate appointments. (say true or false)
- 7. JA Grade officers holding independent charge of workshops are competent to give CG appointments in Group D. (say true or false)
- 8. Upper age relaxation in the case of Group D on compassionate grounds is with in the powers of CPO only. (say true or false)
- 9. Widows upto the age of 35 years are only to be considered for compassionate appointments. (say true or false)
- 10. Cases of CG appointments of RPF staff are to be considered in RPF department only. (say true or false)
- 11. The minimum qualification for a Group C post is SSC/Matriculation with 50% marks. (say true or false)
- 12. CG appointment to dependents of an employee died as bachelor is effective from
- 13. ______ is competent to terminate the service of a CG appointee without following D&A Rules.
- 14. ______ is competent to give third and final change to a widow to appear for a Group C suitability test.
- 15. DRM is competent to give _____ chances to appear for Group C screening on merits to the ward of a deceased employee.
- 16. CG appointee to a post of technician/Gr.III with SSC should undergo ______ months of training.
- 17. Class pass is given to wards of deceased employee when called for screening.
- 18. <u>is competent to consider the requests received after two years of the</u> first son/first daughter attained the age of majority.
- 19. Who is competent to relax the condition of minimum educational qualification?
- 20. Is General Manager competent to appointment in posts carrying pay scale of Rs. 5500-9000?
- 21. How many officers shall be there in screening committee for CG appointments?
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. Who are eligible to be considered for appointment on compassionate grounds? How are the priority of the cases decided?
- 2. What is the role of Personnel Inspector in processing cases for CG appointment?
- 3. Explain the circumstances under which the Compassionate Appointments are considered and prioritise these circumstances together with time limit with in which the appointments are given?

- 4. With the issuance of Railway Board's letter No. E(NG)I/96/RE/3/9(12) of 29.04.1999, the existing procedure of compassionate ground appointments has undergone changes? Explain these changes commencing from 29.04.99.
- 5. An employee due to retire in next 20 months was found missing. His wife has filed a report with police & FIR was also registered. Her request for appointment to herself is received in the office. What action will you take on this request?
- 6. The minimum educational qualifications for a Group D post is a pass in 8th Class. But the candidate for whom the appointment is sought has no minimum educational qualification on the date of event i.e., on 08.10.1999 but he acquired the same at a later date i.e., within a period of five years from the date of incident. Put up a note keeping the Board's instructions circulated vide SC No. 62/2004 justifying the case for Railway Board's consideration.
- 7. There are numerous complaints from the eligible family members of the deceased employees that undue delays are taking place in processing their requests for CG appointment. What steps do you suggest to eliminate the delay and improve the image of Personnel Branch in the minds of the wards?
- 8. Explain the procedure followed to adjudge the suitability of a candidates for appointment on compassionate grounds in a Group C post?
- 9. Write short notes on 'Appointment on compassionate Grounds'.

(iv) Fixation of Pay & Drawl of increments:

- (A) Objective:
- 1. Allowance in lieu of Kilometerage is admissible to the medically decategorised drivers drafted to perform the duties of Power Controllers/Crew Controllers. (say true or **false**)
- 2. The benefit of addition in basic pay for computation of retirement benefits admissible to running staff is admissible to the medically decategorised drivers drafted to work as Power Controllers/Crew Controllers. (say true or **false**)
- 3. Grant of officiating pay to the incumbents of the vacancies of short duration is admissible subject to the condition that the vacancy lasts over _____ days and is caused by factors that could not be foreseen. (30)
- 4. Option for fixation of pay under R.1313, IREC., Vol.II is not admissible to Gp. B officers on promotion to Gp. A Sr. Scale on ad hoc basis. (say **true** or false)
- 5. Railway servants who were on sick leave on 01.01.1996 and whose services had been terminated due to medical invalidation, without resuming their duty are to be allowed the benefits of revised scales of pay from ______. (1.1.96)
- 6. The pay/stipend of Railway servants selected against GDCE and undergoing training may be regulated under the provisions of Rule ______ of IREC, Vol.II. (R. 1315)
- 7. The date of effect of the instructions to allow the minimum fixation benefit of Rs. 100/- on promotion is ______. (01.01.1996)
- 8. The special pay of Rs. 70/- granted to Sr. Clerks on or after 01.01.1996 would not be counted for fixation of pay in the scale of Rs. 5000-8000. (say **true** or false)

- 9. The pay of an employee holding a post substantively and seeking transfer to another post in lower grade will be protected subject to the condition that . (maximum of pay of lower post is not exceeded).
- 10. Fixation of pay in cases of appointment from one ex-cadre pot to another ex-cadre post should be made with reference to pay in the _____ post only. (cadre)
- 11. In the cases where two scales have been merged to a single grade in V PC, the promotions taken place from a lower to a higher scale during the period from 01.01.96 to 08.10.97 stand nullified. (say true or false).
- 12. Whenever a promotion order is issued to any railway employee a clause should be incorporated in the promotion order regarding availability of option for fixation of pay. (say **true** or false)
- 13. Group B officers who acquired the higher qualifications on or after ______ are governed by one time lumpsum incentive scheme. (05.07.95)`
- 14. The minimum fixation benefit of ______ on promotion is allowed w.e.f. 01.01.1996. (Rs. 100/-).
- 15. Advance increments granted to sports persons are to be treated as pay for ______purposes. (all).
- 16. Advance increments granted to sports persons on medal winning performance would take effect from ______. (the first day of the following month of the concluding day of the championship).
- 17. Increments granted to stenos for acquiring higher speed in shorthand on or after 1.1.96 in revised scales shall be termed as ______. (special allowance).
- 18. The increments granted to stenographers for acquiring higher speed in shorthand on or after 1.1.96 in the revised scales will not count as pay for allowances. (say **true** or false)
- 19. The increments granted to stenographers for acquiring higher speed in shorthand on or after 1.1.96 in the revised scales will count as emoluments for pension/ gratuity. (say true or **false**)
- 20. The advance increments granted to stenographers for acquiring higher speed in shorthand shall be termed as special allowance w.e.f. ______. (the date on which the employee draws pay in the revised scale of pay).
- 21. The services of a substitute for allowing annual increment shall be counted from the date of ______. (attaining temporary status).
- 31. The nursing staff possessing b.Sc., degree and enjoying the benefit of two advance increments in IV PC Scales as on 1.1.96 shall be fixed in the revised scale excluding the quantum of tw advance increments. (say **true** or false).
- 32. The two advance increments enjoyed by nursing staff possessing B.Sc., degree are allowed in V PC as additional increments at the revised rates. (say **true** or false)
- 33. The additional increments allowed at the revised rates in V PC to nursing staff possessing B.Sc., degree are to be treated as pay for the purposes of allowances. (say true or **false**).
- 34. Stagnation increment is admissible only to an employee stagnating at the maximum of the scale for _____ years. (two)
- 35. Granting of stagnation increment will be restricted to posts, maximum of which does not exceed ______. (Rs. 22,400/-).

- 36. Stagnation increment is treated as Personal Pay and will count for DA, HRA and CCA. (say **true** or false)
- Stagnation increment will not count as emoluments for pensionary benefits. (say 37. true or **false**)
- Stagnation increment is not taken into account for fixation of pay on promotion. 38. (say **true** or false)
- 39.
- The stagnation increment shall be equal to ______. (increment last drawn). Maximum ______ increments can be granted on stagnation account. (three). 40.
- For granting stagnation increment, the period of two years would count from 41. . (the date one reached the maximum of the scale).
- 42. Annual increment accrues automatically on the due date unless withheld y a specific order. (say **true** or false)
- 43. Increment is granted from in which it falls. (first of the month).
- When the increment is withheld with cumulative effect, the postponement will 44. have effect of postponing future increment also. (say **true** or false)
- 45. EOL on medical grounds shall be considered as qualifying service for granting increment. (say **true** or false)
- Period of suspension shall be qualifying for increments if is 46. allowed for such period. (full pay)
- Unpaid holidays enjoyed by workshop staff wil not count for increment unless 47. . (converted in to LAP/LHAP at employee's request)
- 48. increments will be granted by General Manager for gold medal winning performance during the National Championships.
- training period shall be counted for increments. 49. With effect from
- Family planning allowance granted under small family norms shall be equal to the 50. in the revised scales of pay.
- 51. In technical departments for acquiring higher qualifications of AMIE/BE lumpsum incentive of will be paid to the employee.
- **(B)** Descriptive:
- 1. What are the principles governing fixation of pay -(a) on first appointment (b) on transfer from higher to lower post (c) on promotion to a post carrying higher responsibilities (d) on promotion to an ex-cadre post (e) on repatriation from ex-cadre post. Write short notes on -2. (a) lumpsum incentive scheme for acquiring higher qualifications (b) Stagnation increments (c) Advance increment (d) Next Below Rule (e) Stepping up of pay (f) Rules for fixation of pay at a higher stage than minimum to sports persons.
- Explain about the rules governing lumpsum incentive scheme for acquiring higher 3. qualifications in different departments.
- What is meant by dual charge allowance? What are the rules governing grant of 4. dual charge allowance? What are the principles for reckoning the same for fixation on promotion and settlement?

- 5. What is meant by non-practising allowance? What are the principles for reckoning the same for different purposes like fixation on promotion, composite transfer grant and settlement?
- 6. Fix the pay of a Driver on pay of Rs. 6050/- w.e.f. 01.01.2005 in scale of Rs. 5000-150-8000 on his posting as Fuel Inspector in scale Rs. 5500-175-9000 w.e.f. 10.08.2005 involving higher responsibilities (a) from the date of promotion (b) from the date of next annual increment.
- 7. Mr. George is a permanent Sr. Clerk, drawing pay of Rs. 6250/- w.e.f. 28.02.2003 in scale Rs. 4500-7000 is promoted to an ex-cadre post. Fix his pay (a) on promotion to an ex-cadre post on 01.03.2003 in scale Rs. 5000-8000.
 (b) on promotion to another ex-cadre post on 02.03.2005 in scale Rs.5500-9000.
- 8. Mr. Cruz on pay of Rs. 6200/- in scale Rs. 4500-7000 due for promotion on 05.08.2004 to 5000-8000 two months before accrual of his annual increment. What shall be your advise to him for exercising option for fixation of pay on promotion when he has another 15 years of service to retire.
- 9. Mr. A while drawing pay of Rs. 6050/- w.e.f. 01.03.2005 in scale Rs. 5000-150-8000 was imposed a penalty of with holding of his annual increment for a period of 02 years (NR) vide Memorandum dated 02.03.2005.

(a) Show how his pay is regulated during the period of punishment and on restoration?

(b) In case, he became eligible for promotion to the scale of Rs. 5500-9000 on 10.08.2005, what action shall be taken for his promotion and what shall be his pay during the period of penalty and on restoration?

10. Mr. B while drawing pay of Rs. 6200/- w.e.f. 01.06.2003 in scale Rs. 5000-150-8000 was imposed a penalty of with holding of his annual increment for a period of 02 years with cumulative effect vide memorandum dated 10.09.2003 and he became eligible for promotion to the scale of Rs. 5500-175-9000 w.e.f. 01.10.2003.

(a) How his pay shall be regulated during the penalty and on restoration?

(b) What action shall be taken regarding his promotion and how his pay shall be regulated on promotion?

- 11. The details of service rendered by Mr. A whose date of increment is 1.4.2003 are as follows:
 - a. EOL (not counting for increment) from 29.07.2003 to 31.07.2003,
 - b. Suspension treated as his own leave from 07.10.2003 to 02.01.2004.
 - c. EOL on medical grounds from 15.01.1974 to 05.02.2004.

What shall be the date of his next increment?

- 12. Mr. Ram working as a Keyman drawing pay of Rs. 3875/- w.e.f. 01.03.2005 in scale Rs. 2750-70-3800-75-4400 was promoted as Gangmate in scale Rs. 3050-75-3950-80-4590 w.e.f. 01.12.2005. Suggest the employee whether he will be benefited on exercising option for fixation of pay after the next annual increment. Show the calculations.
- 13. What do you understand by postponement of increment? What are the provisions of R. 1320 (FR 26) of IREC, Vol.II for reckoning service for increments?

(v) Group Insurance Scheme:

- 1. The new Group Insurance scheme for regular employees of Central Government came into force w.e.f. _____. (01.01.1982)
- 3. The rates of subscription under the new Group Insurance scheme are Rs. _____, Rs. _____, Rs. _____ and Rs. ______ in respect of Group D, Group C, Group B and Group A staff respectively.
- 4. The subscription for Group Insurance scheme will be apportioned @ _____% is Insurance Fund and _____% is Savings Fund. (30%, 70%).
- 5. Under the Group Insurance scheme, the apportionment of savings/insurance fund @ 30% and 70% respectively came into force w.e.f. _____. (01.01.1988)
- 6. The insurance coverage under the Group Insurance scheme to the families of Group D, Group C, Group B and Group A staff is Rs. _____, Rs. _____, Rs. _____, Rs. ______, Rs. _____, Rs. ____, Rs. ____, Rs. _____, Rs. _____, Rs. _____, Rs. ____, Rs. ___, Rs. ___, Rs. ____, Rs. ____, Rs. ___, Rs. ____, Rs. ____, Rs. ___, Rs. ____,
- 7. The Group Insurance scheme is based on mortality rate of _____ per thousand per annum. (3.60)
- 8. In case of regular promotion to a higher group, the subscription under Group Insurance scheme shall be increased from ______. (first January of next year).
 9. In case an employee was on EOL, during which no subscription to the Group
- 9. In case an employee was on EOL, during which no subscription to the Group Insurance could be recovered, the same shall be recovered in arrears with interest. (say true or false)
- 10. In the absence of a valid nomination under the Group Insurance scheme, the nomination made under _____ may be accepted. (PF Rules)
- 11. In case of no nomination under the scheme of Group Insurance/PF Rules, the insurance money shall be payable in equal shares to ______. (wife/wives, minor sons and unmarried daughters).
- 12. A subscriber having a family can nominate anybody to receive the insurance money under Group Insurance scheme. (say true or false)
- 13. In case an employee's whereabouts are not known, the accumulation from the savings fund becomes payable under Group Insurance scheme to the nominee/heirs after _____ period. (one year)
- 14. It is legally permissible to adjust the Government dues against the payments due to the employees/nominees under the Group Insurance scheme. (say true or false)
- 15. Subscriptions under the Group Insurance scheme shall not be recovered during the last three months of service. (say true or false)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. What are the provisions regarding exercising of nomination by a subscriber under Group Insurance Scheme? What are the provisions for payment of amounts under the scheme in case there is no valid nomination?

2. Explain about the scope, membership, monthly subscription, amount of insurance coverage and the insurance/savings fund of the Group Insurance scheme, 1980 as amended from time to time?

(vi) Joining Time Rules:

- (A) Objective:
- 1. Joining Time Rules are contained in _____. (Chapter 11 of IREC, Vol.I)
- 2. Joining Time shall be granted to a Railway servant on transfer in public interest to enable him to join the new post either _____ or _____. (at the same station or a new station)
- 3. In the case of temporary transfer not exceeding 180 days the joining time allowed is <u>days.</u> (nil)
- 4. The joining time shall commence from the date of ______ if the charge is made over on the forenoon. (relinquishment of charge of the old post)
- 5. The joining time shall commence from the following date if the charge is made over in the _____. (afternoon)
- 6. Not more than one day's joining time shall be allowed to a Railway servant to join a new post within ______ or _____. (the same station or which does not involve change of residence from one station to another).
- 7. For the purpose of the term same station will be interpreted to mean the area falling within the jurisdiction of the _____ or ____.(municipality or corporation)
- 8. If the distance between the old headquarters and the new headquarters is 1,000 Kms., or less, the joining time admissible is _____ days. (10 days).
- 9. If the distance between the old headquarters and the new headquarters is more than 1,000 Kms., the joining time admissible is _____ days. (12 days).
- 10. If the distance between the old headquarters and the new headquarters is more than 2,000 Kms., the joining time admissible is _____ days. (15 days).
- 11. If the distance between the old headquarters and new headquarters is more than 2,000 Kms., and the travel is permitted by air, the joining time admissible is _____ days. (12 days).
- 12. Distance means the weighted mileage for which fare is charged by the Railways in certain ghat/hill sections. (say true or false)
- 13. Extension of Joining time beyond the limits can be granted upto a maximum limit of _____ days. (30 days).
- 14. Extension of Joining time beyond the limits can be granted upto a maximum limit of 30 days by ______. (Head of the Departments)
 15. Extension of Joining time beyond the limits can be granted upto a maximum limit
- 15. Extension of Joining time beyond the limits can be granted upto a maximum limit of 30 days by ______ on the divisions. (Divisional Railway Manager)
- 16. Extension of Joining time beyond 30 days can be granted by _____. (Ministry of Railways)
- 17. Special Casual Leave can be granted in lieu of joining time . (say true or false).
- 18. The credit of joining time to the leave account will be subject to the usual restriction on accumulation of ______ in the leave account. (LAP)
- 19. Joining time cannot be combined with vacation. (say true or **false**)

- 20. Joining time can be combined with any other kind of leave except _____. (CL)
- 21. Joining time cannot be combined with Casual leave. (say **true** or false)
- 22. A railway servant on joining time shall be regarded as on _____ (leave/duty/on line/joining)
- 23. Joining time pay is equal to the pay which was drawn before ______ in the old post. (relinquishment of charge)
- 24. During joining time, a railway servant shall be entitled to CCA and HRA at the rates applicable to the ______. (old station/new station)
- 25. The quantum of joining time admissible for transfer involving less than 1000 Kms is ______.
- 26. Joining time is admissible to an employee on temporary transfer (say true or false)
- 27. Sanction of special casual leave in lieu of Joining Time is not admissible. (say true or false)
- 28. Maternity Leave is admissible in case of still born children. (say true or false)
- 29. Paternity Leave is admissible t temporary status casual labour. (say true or false)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. Write short note on 'Joining Time'.
- 2. What are the provisions regarding grant of joining time, limits of admissibility, commencement and extension of joining time.

(vii) **Promotions:**

- (A) Objective:
- 1. All vacancies in Gp. B are filled by promotion of Group C employees on the basis of and wherever the scheme is in force. (selection and LDCE)
- 2. Where the scheme of LDCE is in force selection is held to fill up ____% of vacancies and LDCE is held to fill up ____% of vacancies. (70 and 30)
- 3. Selection for appointment to Group B should be held once in _____ years (2)
- 4. Selection committee for selection to the Group B posts shall be constituted with the orders of ______. (General Manager)
- 5. The selection committee for selection the Group B posts shall consists of _______ HODs including _______ and the ______. (3 HODs, CPO and the HOD of the department concerned)
- 6. If none of the committee members for selection to Group B posts belongs to SC/ST communities, another officer belonging to SC/ST community not below the rank of ______ shall be nominated. (JA Grade)
- 7. In case of selection to a Group B post the assessment of vacancies shall for _____years. (02)
- 8. <u>%</u> % of the cadre including construction reserve shall be added while assessing vacancies for selection to a Group B post. (20%)
- 9. In Group B selections, if it is felt that inclusion of 20% of cadre would lead to an inflation in the size of the panel, _____ may restrict the assessment. (GM)

- 10. Post based rosters shall be followed for implementation of reservation policy in selections to Group B posts. (say true or false)
- 11. Group C employees working in grade the minimum of which is Rs. ______ in the revised scale and in the higher Group C grades on a regular basis who have rendered not less than ______ years of non-fortuitous service are eligible to appeal for the selection.
- 12. Notwithstanding the position that the seniors do not fulfil the requisite minimum service conditions, they are eligible to appear for selection to a Group B post if . (a junior is considered by virtue of satisfying the relevant condition)
- 13. In a Group B selection for one vacancy, the zone of consideration shall be _____. (05 employees)
- 14. In a Group B selection for two vacancies, the zone of consideration shall be _____. (08 employees)
- 15. In a Group B selection for three vacancies, the zone of consideration shall be _____.
- 16. The formula for deciding the zone of consideration for filling up 04 or more Group B vacancies by selection shall be _____. (3xV where V is the number of vacancies)
- 17. Where employees of different streams are eligible to appear for Gp. B selections, their ______ seniority list should be drawn and circulated before selection.
- 18. The integrated seniority list of eligible staff for selection to a Group B post is based on the length of non-fortuitous service in scale Rs. _____. (6500-10500)
- 19. If adequate number of SC/ST employees are not available in the normal zone of consideration against reserved points, the field should be extended to ______ times the vacancies to pick up the SC/ST candidates. (five)
- 20. In case of selection to the post of APO, all employees who are eligible and volunteer for the selection should be considered without ______. (limitation to the number)
- 21. The selection to the Group B posts is based on _____ (a written test to adjudge the professional ability, viva voce and assessment of records by selection committee)
- 22. For selection to Group B posts other than accounts Department, the maximum marks and qualifying marks under the head 'Professional ability' are _____ and respectively. (50, 30)
- 23. For selection to the Group B posts other than accounts department, the maximum marks and qualifying marks under the head 'Personality, Leadership etc.,' are _____ and ____ respectively. (25, 15)
- 24. For selection to the Group B posts other than Accounts Department, the maximum marks and qualifying marks under the head 'Record of Service' are and respectively. (25, 15)
- 25. In written test for selection to the Group B posts, the questions on Official Language Policy and Rules should not be compulsory. (say true or false)
- 26. In a selection to the Group B posts, the successful candidates securing 80% and above shall be graded ______ and placed ______ of the panel. (outstanding; on the top)
- 27. In a selection to the Group B posts, the successful candidates securing marks between 60% and 79% shall be graded as ______. (good)

- 28. In selections to the Group B posts, the recommendations of the selection committee should be put up to ______ for approval. (General Manager)
- 29. If the General Manager does not approve of the recommendation of the selection committee, he will record his reasons in writing there for and order _____ (a fresh selection)
- 30. Once a panel for Group B post is approved by the General Manager, no amendment or alteration in the panel should be made except with the prior approval of ______. (Railway Board)
- 31. The Group B panels shall be current for a period of _____. (02 years)
- 32. The panel for filling up the Group B posts shall be current for a period of two years from ______ or _____ whichever is earlier. (the date of approval of the competent authority; till a fresh panel on the basis of next selection becomes available)
- 33. In Group B selections, where provisional panels are drawn the currency will count from ______. (the date of approval of the provisional panel)
- 34. In Group B selections, if the operation of an approved panel has been held in abeyance either wholly or partly as a result of injunction from the Court of Law, the currency of the panel should be reckoned after excluding ______. (the period covered by the Court's directive)
- 35. After vacation of injunction/disposal by the Court of Law, Operation of the Group B panel should be with the personal approval of ______. (General Manager)
- 36. In exceptional circumstances, promotion to Group B posts with relaxed medical standards, should have the approval of ______. (Railway Board)
- 37. Promotion to Group B posts with relaxed medical standards with the approval of Railway Board will be purely on _____ basis.
- 38. In cases where employee eligible to take the selection are abroad on deputation, the selection may be finalized without waiting for them. (say true or false)
- 39. Not more than ______ supplementary selection/s should be held to cater to the absentees. (one)
- 40. An employee empanelled for promotion to Group B refusing promotion, should be debarred for promotion for ______ period. (one year)
- 41. If an employee refuses promotion when considered after a lapse of one year after his first refusal, his name should be deleted form the panel. (say true or false)
- 42. The rules governing the promotion of Group C staff are contained in Section ______ of Chapter ______ IREM, Vol.I. (Section B of Chapter II)
- 43. As per the definition of promotion under para 211 of IREM, Vol. I, Promotion includes promotion from a ______ to a _____, form ______ to ______ to ______ from ______ to _____. (lower grade to a higher grade, from one class to
 - another class, from one group to another group)
- 44. 'Non-selection posts' are _____, ____ or _____ which have not been declared as 'selection posts'. (posts, grades or classes)
- 45. The posts are declared as selection or non-selection for the purpose of promotion by ______. (Railway Board)
- 46. Unless specifically provided otherwise, the promotion shall be made without any regard for ________ or _______. (communal or racial consideration)

- 47. Non-selection posts shall be filled by promotion of the senior most suitable Railway servant. (say true or false)
- 48. Suitability for non-selection post being determined by _____ on the basis of the record of service and/or departmental tests if necessary. (the competent authority)
- 49. In a non-selection post, a senior Railway servant may be passed over only if he has been declared ______ for holding the post in question. (unfit)
- 50. For promotion to non-selection post, staff in the immediate lower grade with a minimum of _____ years of service in that grade will only be eligible. (02 years)
- 51. The service for the purpose of minimum 02 years in lower grade includes service rendered on ad hoc basis followed by _____ without break.(regular service).
- 52. The condition of two years service should stand fulfilled at the time of _________ and not necessarily at the stage of consideration. (actual promotion)
- 53. The number of eligible staff for consideration for promotion to a non-selection post shall be equal to _______-. (number of vacancies assessed)
- 54. The assessment of vacancies for non-selection post shall include existing vacancies plus anticipated during the next _____ months. (six)
- 55. The anticipated vacancies are vacancies that arose due to _______ i.e., retirement/supernannuation.
- 56. An employee who has passed the suitability test for promotion to a non-selection post need not be called for the test again. (say true or false)
- 57. A suitability test for non-selection post should be held at the interval which should not be less than _____ months. (six)
- 58. The period of six months for holding suitability test for non-selection post is reckoned from the date of ______ of the previous suitability test.
- 59. ACP scheme is made effective from _____
- 60. ACP scheme is not applicable to officers belonging to _____ service and to _____.
- 61. No second ad hoc promotion shall be allowed under any circumstances. (say true or false)
- 62. A junior should not be promoted on ad hoc basis ignoring a senior unless ______. (the competent authority considers him unsuitable)
- 63. There shall be no ad hoc promotions in _____ posts. (non-selection)
- 65. Beyond the permissible period of 04 months, personal approval of ______ is required for continuance on ad hoc promotion. (CPO)
- 66. The notification regarding ad hoc promotion shall consist of protection clause that ______. (the promotion is ad hoc and does not give him any prescriptive right to hold the post on regular basis or for regular promotion)
- 67. The ACP scheme became operational w.e.f. . (01.10.1999)
- 68. The ACP scheme requires creation of new posts for the purpose.(say true or false)
- 69. The posts above the pay scale of ______ shall be filled strictly on vacancy based promotions. (Rs. 14300-18300)
- 70. The highest pay scale upto which the financial upgradation shall be available is _____. (Rs. 14300-18300)
- 71. The financial benefit under ACP scheme shall be granted from _____ or _____ whichever is later. (date of completion of eligibility period or from 1.10.99)

- 72. The first financial upgradation under the ACP scheme shall be followed after years of regular service. (12)
- 73 If any employee has already got one regular promotion, he shall qualify for the second financial upgradation only on completion of vears of regular service under the ACP scheme. (24)
- Financial upgradation under the ACP scheme shall be given to the next higher 74. grade in accordance with the _____ in a cadre. (existing hierarchy) In the absence of defined hierarchical grades, financial upgradation shall be given
- 75. standard pay scales. (immediate next higher) in the
- 76. The financial upgradation under ACP scheme shall be purely to the employee and has no relevance to his/her position. (personal, seniority)
- 77. A senior employee can claim for stepping up of pay on the ground that the junior has got higher pay scale under the ACP scheme. (say true or false)
- 78. On upgradation under ACP scheme, pay of an employee shall be fixed under normal Rules under 1313(1)(a)(i) of IREC, Vol.II subject to a minimum financial benefit of Rs. . (100)
- 79. Pay fixation benefit shall normally accrue at the time of regular promotion against a functional post in higher grade to an employee granted upgradation under ACP scheme. (say true or **false**)
- 80. The reservation orders/roster shall apply to the upgradations under ACP scheme. (say true or **false**)
- **(B)** Descriptive:
- 1. What procedure is to be followed when an employee placed on panel is issued -(a) a major penalty charge sheet before issuing promotional order and a penalty of reduction to lower grade for a period of 03 years (NR) is imposed? (b) a minor penalty charge sheet before issuing promotional order and a penalty of withholding of increment is issued to become operative from a future date.
- 2. What is meant by erroneous promotions? What action shall be taken when erroneous promotion is identified?
- 3. Explain briefly about granting of adhoc promotions to staff in Selection and nonselection posts?
- 4. Explain briefly the extant instructions to be borne in mind while setting up a selection board for selection to the post of Ch. OS in scale Rs. 7450-11500 in Personnel Branch?
- 5. What are the main features of ACP Scheme? What procedures shall be followed while granting the benefits under ACP Scheme?
- What do you mean by automatic empanelment of staff? 6.
- 7. Issue an office order promoting Mr. George, PI/Gr. II on ad hoc basis for the post of PI/Gr.I as per extant rules in force.
- 8. Write short notes on:
 - (i) Ad hoc promotions (ii) Erroneous Promotions
 - (iii) Refusal of promotion. (iv) In situ promotions
 - (v) Promotion of staff against whom DAR cases are pending
 - (vi) Pre-promotional Courses. (vii) Pre-promotional training.

(viii) Provident Fund:

- 1. The State Railway Provident Fund Rules are contained in ______ of IREC., Vol.I. (Rules 901 to 946 of Chapter IX)
- 2. The amount of subscription payable for any month shall be _____% of the Subscriber's emoluments in case of SRPF(Contributory) staff. (10%)
- 3. Arrears of subscription to Provident Fund shall be recovered, if the Railway servant is admitted to the fund with ______ effect. (retrospective)
- 4. Interest of PF balances shall be credited with effect from ______ every year. (31st March)
- 5. The authority competent to sanction an advance/withdrawl from PF in case of Group A or Group B Officer upto JA Grade is _____. (CPO)
- 6. The authority competent to sanction an advance/withdrawl from PF in respect of Group D staff is ______. (APO or an officer of equal rank)
- 7. Dearness Pay shall be treated as pay for grant of advance/withdrawl from PF. (say true or false)
- 8. PF Advance/Withdrawl is sanctioned even after the incident as a special case subject to fulfillment of certain conditions. (say true or false)
- 9. On satisfying the conditions for grant of final withdrawl from PF, the outstanding balance of advance can be converted into final withdrawl. (say true or false)
- 10. PF Advance can be sanctioned on more than one account simultaneously. (say true or false)
- 11. A new advance from PF shall not be granted unless ______ of the previous advance has been repaid.
- 12. Normally Railway servants who have completed ______ years of service may be granted final withdrawl from Provident Fund.
- 13. Withdrawl from PF on marriage account may be granted as a special case upto ______months' emoluments in the case of marriage of a female.
- 14. The advance from PF granted for purchase of motor car shall be refundable in not more than ______ instalemnts. (36)
- 15. As a special case, advance from PF for purchase of motor car/scooter etc., shall be granted if the service falls short of _____ months to 15 years. (6 months)
- 16. To meet the cost of legal expenses, advance from PF equal to ______ shall be granted. (three months' pay or half the amount of PF balance whichever is less)
- 17. To purchase consumer durables like TV, VCR etc., an advance from PF equal to shall be granted. (three months' pay or half the amount of PF balance whichever is less)
- 18. An advance from PF for construction of a house or flat will be granted only on submission of ______. (a plan duly approved by local municipal body)
- 19. In the case of marriage of a male dependent family member of the subscriber, the advance granted shall be limited to ______. (three months' pay)
- 20. In the case of marriage of a female dependent family member of the subscriber, the advance granted shall be limited to _____. (six months' pay)

- 21. Confinement is not covered under the term 'illness' under PF Rules. (say true or false)
- 22. Advances from PF are permitted for betrothal ceremonies also. (say true of false)
- 23. Withdrawls from PF for Educational expenses are permitted once in ______ months. (six months)
- 24. Withdrwl from PF for meeting expenses in connection with illness of subscriber shall be limited to ______. (six moths' pay of 50% of the balance at credit)
- 25. The pay limit for grant of PF withdrawl for purchase of motor car shall be _____(Rs. 10,500/-)
- 26. The amount of withdrawl from PF for purchase of motor case shall be limited to _____(Rs. 1,10,000/-)
- 27. The amount of withdrawl from PF for purchase of motor cycle shall be limited to _____. (Rs. 20,000/-)
- 28. Final withdrawl for purches of conveyance is allowed on one occasion only. (say true of false)
- 29. Final withdrawl for purchase of conveyance is allowed on completion of ______ years of service. (15 years)
- 30. The amount of subscription wit5h interest standing to the credit of a subscriber in the fund may be withdrawn to meet a payment towards a policy of Life Insurance. (say true or false)
- 31. The new deposit linked insurance scheme came into force from ______(1.1.89)
- 32. The additional amount payable under the scheme shall not exceed ______
- 33. The subscriber should have put in _____ years of service at the time of his death to become eligible for payment under the new Deposit Linked Insurance Scheme. (05 years)
- 34. The average balance for the purpose of DLI shall be worked out on the basis of the balance at the credit at the end of each of the _____ months preceding the month in which the death occurs. (36 months)
- 35. The PF scheme does not apply to persons appointed on contract basis. (say true or false)
- 36. Part final withdrawl of _____% of the balance at credit of a subscriber is permitted if applied within 12 months before retirement on superannuation. (90)
- 37. Part final withdrawl of _____% of balance at the credit of a subscriber within 12 months before retirement is permitted without assigning any reason. (90)
- 38. The rate of interest on SRPF balances for the year 2004-05 is % p.a. (8%)
- 39. The amount of Deposit linked insurance payable to the successors even if the death of the subscriber is by committing suicide. (say true or false)
- 40. The amount of deposit linked insurance is payable to successors in case of missing employees whose whereabouts are not known after a lapse of _____ years. (7)
- 41. The additional amount payable under DLI scheme shall not exceed Rs. ______. (Rs. 60,000/-)
- 42. The additional amount payable under DLI scheme shall not exceed Rs. 60,000/w.e.f. _____. (25.04.1998)

- 43. The balance at the credit of a subscriber holding a post in scale of pay maximum of which is Rs. 12,000/- or more shall not have fallen below Rs. ______ to make him eligible for payment of additional amount. (Rs. 25,000/-)
- 44. The balance at the credit of a subscriber holding a post in scale of pay maximum of which is Rs.9,000/- or more but less than Rs.12,000/- shall not have fallen below to make him eligible for payment of additional amount. (Rs. 15,000/-)
- 45. The balance at the credit of a subscriber holding a post in scale of pay maximum of which is Rs.3,500/- or more but less than Rs.9,000/- shall not have fallen below to make him eligible for payment of additional amount. (Rs.10,000/-)
- 46. The balance at the credit of a subscriber holding a post in scale of pay maximum of which is less than Rs. 3,500/- shall not have fallen below Rs. _____ to make him eligible for payment of additional amount. (Rs. 6,000/-)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. To whom the State Railway Pension Rules apply and to whom they do not?
- Calculate the interest that can be credited to the PF account of Mr. X on 31.12.2001 based on the following data:
 (i) Opening Balance as on 01.04.2000 .. Rs. 38,600/-
 - (i) Subscription towards PF through the year.. Rs. 1,8 (iii) Advance from PF drawn during 11/2000.. Rs. 6,0
 - (iv) Recovery towards PF advance
 - (v) PF advance recovery commenced

(vi) Rate of interest

Rs. 1,800/- p.m., Rs, 6,000/-Rs. 500/- p.m., January, 2001 11% p.a.

3. Mr. Y is transferred to another Railway and was relieved in the month of September, 2000. His salary was drawn in the old unit upto the month of August, 2000. Calculate the amount required to be transferred to the new unit based on the following data:

(i) Opening balance as on 01.04.2000:	Rs. 40,504/-
(ii) Monthly subscription to PF account:	Rs. 1,000/-
(iii) Rate of interest applicable	11% pa.,

- 4. Explain in detail the provisions regarding execution of nomination by a subscriber to the Provident Fund.
- 5. What is Deposit Linked Insurance scheme? What are the provisions regarding payment of DLI to the beneficiaries in case of death of a subscriber to the fund?

(ix) Recruitment Rules & Training:

- (A) Objective:
- 1. GDCE stands for
- 2. Employees working in the lower post only should be allowed to appear for GDCE. (say true or false)
- 3. Cases of sports persons for recruitment and for out of turn promotion from Group D to C if other wise eligible, but does not possess the minimum educational qualification should be referred to _____. (Railway Board)

- 4. RPF staff are not debarred from appearing in GDCE and other Departmental selections for promotion in Departments other than RPF/RPSF. (say true or false).
- 5. The prefix "Apprentice" should not be used in the notifications published by RRBs for recruitment from open market except in the categories of Apprentices appointed in _____ and ____ Departments. (Traffic and Commercial)
- 6. GMs are empowered to re-engage retired para-medical staff on daily rates basis upto the age of _____ years. (62)
- 7. Replacement panel against shortfall from RRB can be asked by the Railways within the ______ in normal cases. (currency of the panel)
- 8. Normally currency of the panels issued by RRB shall be for _____ year/s. (one year)
- 9. The currency of the panels issued by RRB for Group C can be extended beyond one year for one more year with the approval of ______ (GM)
- 10. The operation of the replacement panel should be ensured during the currency of the panel or latest upto _____ months of the expiry of the panel. (3 months)
- 11. The annual quota for recruitment of Sports persons for Group C on S.C. Railway through open advertisements is _____ (15).
- 12. The annual quota for recruitment of Sports persons for Group D on Zonal Hqrs., S.C. Railway through open advertisements is _____ (4).
- 13. The annual quota for recruitment of Sports persons for Group D on each division of S.C. Railway through open advertisements is _____ (3)
- 14. The vacancies under sports quota can be carried forward. (say true or false).
- 15. The annual quota for S.C. Railway for recruitment of sportspersons to Group C under talent scouting is _____ (10)
- 16. The annual quota for recruitment of sportspersons to Group D for each division under talent scouting is _____(2)
- 17. The annual quota for Zonal Hqrs., of S.C. Railway for recruitment of sportspersons to Group D under talent scouting is _____(2)
- 18. The annual quota for recruitment against Scouts & Guides in Group C for S.C. Railway is _____ (02).
- 19. The annual quota for recruitment against Scouts & Guides in Group D for each division of this Railway is _____ (02).
- 20. The annual quota for recruitment against Cultural events in Group C for S.C. Railway is _____ (02).
- 21. The annual quota for recruitment against Cultural events in Group D for each division of this Railway is _____ (nil).
- 22. The examination fees for the examinations conducted by RRB is
- 23. % of posts in Group C & D are reserved for persons with disabilities.
- 24. The minimum age limit for recruitment in Railways is .
- 25. General Manager can relax the lower age limit by
- 26. Upper age limit for CG appointment be relaxed freely. (say true or false)
- 27. Upper age limit for appointment to Group C services in the lowest scale in Railways is _____ for general , _____ for OBC and _____ for SC/ST candidates.
- 28. During 2000, Railway Board have directed that recruitment to Group D posts shall henceforth be undertaken by ______ themselves.
- 29. General Managers are empowered to engage Group D staff only as _____
- 30. Currency of panels issued by RRBs is _____ extendable by _____ by GM.

- 31. LDCE stands for _
- 32. Railway Board have introduced LDCE in the categories of OS/Gr.II and PI/Gr.I to an extent of ______ of the posts.
- 33. The scheme of restructuring of the cadres is effective from
- 34. During restructuring suitable number of posts were required to be surrendered since the scheme of restructuring is _____.
- 35. The new Pension scheme is effective from
- 36. A reservation of ______% of vacancies has been provided for recruitment of the physically challenged person.
- 37. % of vacancies are reserved for orthopaedically challenged.
- 38. $\frac{1}{100}$ % of vacancies of ASMs in scale Rs.4500-7000 are filled by Direct Recruitment.
- $\frac{39.}{\text{the Junior Clerks in the order of seniority.}} \%$
- 40. % of the vacancies of Sr. Clerks are filled by LDCE from amongst graduates working as Clerks in Scale Rs. 3050-4590. (13 1/3 %)
- 41. % of vacancies of Sr. Clerks are filled by Direct Recruitment.
- 42. Promotion through LDCE to an extent of 20% of the _____ (vacancies/posts) in the category of Office Superintendent/Gr.II has been introduced.
- 43. A matriculate recruited as Artisan (Skilled III) has to undergo the period of training for _____ years.
- 44. In direct recruitment _____ vacancies of Group D _____ vacancies of Group C _____ ae reserved for ex-servicemen.
- 45. In case of blind, deaf and orthopaedically handicapped relaxation in age shall be granted upto _____ years.
- 46. The educational qualification for direct recruitment of skilled artisan is
- 47. The maximum age limit for appointment of Group C employees belonging to general community is ______ years.
- 48. _____ no. of posts are filled in Group D services against Scout Quota in a year.
- 49. _____ no. of posts are filled in Group D services against Cultural Quota.
- 50. _____ no. of posts are filled in Group D services against sports quota.
- 51. Recruitment against Scouts, Sports and Cultural Quotas is to be completed by for every year.
- 52. Reservation to SC/ST/OBC is applicable in sports quota. (say true or false)
- 53. General Manager is competent to constitute the recruitment committee for group C and D posts against sports quota at Headquarters level. (say true or false)
- 54. The age limit for recruitment of sports persons against Group D is between 18 to 33 years. (say true or false)
- 55. The upper age limit for sports persons against sports quota for appointment in Group C and D is relaxable by 5 years and 2 years against advertisement quota. (say true or false)
- 56. General Manager may relax the upper age limit in deserving and meritorious cases of sports persons against talent scout quota. (say true or false)
- 57. Outstanding sports persons can be appointed in intermediary grades with the approval of General Manager. (say true or false)

- 58. Sports persons promoted on out of turn basis can be allowed to count their seniority only when they come up for promotion in their turn. (say true or false)
- 59. The quota for each division against cultural quota recruitment is two. (say true or false)
- 60. The cultural quota recruitment can be carried forward to next year if not completed by the end of each financial year. (say true or false)
- 61. Rule of reservation for SC/ST/OBC is applicable for appointments against cultural quota. (say true or false)
- 62. Only the General Manager is competent to make appointments against cultural quota. (say true or false)
- 63. The quota against Cultural events for South Central Railway in Group C is just 02 per annum. (say true or false)
- 64. The recruitment in cultural quota will be done in pay scale of Rs. 4500-7000 and above. (say true or false)
- 65. The minimum educational qualification required for cultural quota appointment besides certificate course in music/dance etc., is a graduation. (say true or false)
- 66. Who is competent to declare a post as suitable for appointment of physically handicapped persons?
- 67. Post of SE/PW can be filled by physically disabled person. (say true or false)
- 68. The quota meant for each group of physically challenged, i.e., hearing impaired, visually challenged and orthopedically disabled can be exchanged at the end of three years. (say true or false)
- 69. Can a candidate to be appointed on compassionate grounds but found to be orthopaedically disabled be charged against the quota for physically handicapped? (say true or false)
- 70. Candidate appointed on physically handicapped quota should not be promoted to next higher grade, as there is no reservation for them in promotions. (say true or false)
- 71. The PH quota, if not filled will lapse at the end of the recruitment year. (say true or false)
- 72. DRM/CWM is competent to appoint a physically challenged candidate on compassionate grounds. (say true or false)
- 73. The upper age limit for physically challenged persons in recruitment of Group C and D is set at 15 years above the normal upper age limit. (say true or false)
- 74. There are _____ Railway Recruitment Boards in the country.
- 75. The quota of reservation for recruitment of ex-servicemen in Group C is _____
- 76. ______ is competent to appoint a Group D servant on compassionate grounds.
- 77. ______ is the competent authority to relax or modify the age limits and educational qualifications prescribed for recruitment to non-gazetted posts.
- 78. ______ is the minimum educational qualification for appoint to Group D posts in Engineering Department.
- 79. The minimum educational qualification prescribed for a Group D employee in TTM Organisation is _____.
- 80. All the railway recruitment boards can recruit ex-service men for Railway service. (say true or false)

- 81. General Manager can appoint 4 persons against Cultural Quota, every year in either Group C or D categories. (say true or false)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. What are the rules for recruitment of Group C staff in Railways?
- 2. What is the procedure for recruitment of Group D staff in Railways?
- 3. What are the rules of appointment on compassionate grounds?
- 4. What are the rules for absorption of medically decategorised staff?
- 5. What are the different modes of recruitment in Railways to a Group C post?
- 6. Which is the agency that recruits Group C staff to Railways? What are the rules for placing an indent on that agency?
- 7. What are the General Rules regarding Nationality of a candidate for appointment to Railway Services as laid down in R. 218 of IREC, Vol.I?
- 8. What is the laid down procedure for publication of employment notices for recruitment to Group C and D posts?
- 9. What are the various concessions extended to SC/ST candidates?
- 10. What are the facilities extended to the SC/ST Railway employees' Associations?
- 12. What are the revised classifications of Railway Service and the pay limits?
- 13. Describe the procedure for recruitment against Group D services on Indian Railways?
- 14. How many Group C and Group D posts are filled under Sports quota at Zonal/Divisional level? What is the procedure to be followed for filling up the Sports Quota vacancies?
- 15. Write a letter to the District authorities requesting for verification of character and antecedents of a newly recruited candidate through RRB/SC for the post of Asst. Station Master in scale Rs. 4500-7000 whose period of residence in Prakasam District is for the last 05 years.

(x) Reservation Rules

- (A) Objective:
- 1. ______ is competent to issue caste certificates in Andhra Pradesh.
- 2. Reservation for SC/ST in allotment of quarters is
- 3. ____% of reservation is provided to OBCs in recruitment.
- 4. As a concession to SC/ST employees _____% of vacant quarters should be earmarked in allotment of quarters.
- 5. A single vacancy in a selection may be reserved for SC only. (say true or false)
- 6. Single post in a _____ cadre may be filled on regular basis without applying reservation. (single post)
- 7. Instructions regarding post based roster for promotion in Group C and D categories are also apply for promotion from Group C to _____ and within categories. (Group B, Group B)
- 8. Any fresh creation of work charged or revenue posts of Assistant Officers may be added to the fixed cadre strength of ______ and rosters expanded. (Group B)

- 9. The basic principle of post based reservation is ______. (that the number of posts filled by reservation by any category in a cadre should be equal to the quota prescribed for that category).
- 10. After introduction of post based reservation, it is still permissible to fill up a post reserved for ST by a SC candidate by exchange. (say true or **false**)
- 11. There is a ban on dereservation of vacancies reserved for SCs,ST and OBCs in direct recruitment. (say **true** or false)
- 12. If the vacancies reserved for SCs/STs/OBCs cannot be filled recruitment, they shall be carried forward as backlog vacancies to the subsequent recruitment years without any limitation. (say true or false)
- 13. The income limit to exclude socially advanced persons from the purview of reservation for OBCs has been revised to _____ gross annual income. (2.5 laks)
- 14. Before appointing a person belonging to OBC category, the appointing authority should ensue that the person does not belong to ______ on the crucial date. (creamy layer)
- 15. The %age reservation for SC/ST/OC for each Railway in recruitment of all Group C and will be _____, ____ and _____ respectively. (15%, 7.5% and 27%)
- 16. As and when the Railway servants are summoned by the National Commission to attend any hearing, they may be spared as on duty. (say true or false)
- 17. When SC/ST candidates apply for the non-reserved posts, the applications of candidates with only ______ as postal charges may be allowed. (Rs. 10/-)
- 18. When SC/ST candidates apply for the non-reserved posts, age relaxation is not allowed. (say **true** or false)
- 19. When SC/ST candidates apply for the non-reserved posts, are they eligible for the free pass facility? (Yes)
- 20. The ceiling of ______% reservation for SC/ST on total number of vacancies will apply only on vacancies that arise in the ______year. (50, current)
- 21. In respect of backlog/cary forward of vacancies, the ceiling of 50% will not apply. (say true or false)
- 22. The duration of pre-selection coaching for SC/ST candidates for selection to Group B posts should be for ______ weeks. (3 to 4 weeks)
- 23. SC/ST employees empanelled through selection/LDCE without relaxation will be treated as ______ vis a vis those SC/ST employees empanelled with relaxed standards. (senior)
- 24. Recognition to more than one SC/ST association may be considered favourably. (say true or **false**)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. What are the important features of the Post Based Rosters? How many types of rosters are there? What are the points to be kept in view while preparing rosters?
- 2. What are the various concessions extended to the employees belonging to SC/ST communities in Railway right from recruitment to superannuation?
- 3. What do you mean by the scheme of 'best among the failed'? What are the provisions regarding imparting in-service training and inclusion of the names in the panel after such training?

- 4. What are the instructions regarding staff belonging to SC/ST communities being selected against general merit to selection posts and non-selection posts?
- 5. Write a letter to the concerned revenue authorities requesting for verification of the caste certificate based on the following details: Name of the employee: Mr. X S/O. Mr. Y. Caste as per the certificate: Yerukula – ST Certificate issuing authority: MRO/BZA Place of birth/brought up of the employee: Chennai. Date of Appointment and Designation: 01.10.1995.
- If sufficient number of SC/ST/OBC candidates fit for appointment against 6. reserved vacancies are not available, what is the prescribed procedure for filling up such reserved vacancies in direct recruitment as well as in case of promotion? (SC 46/2004)
- **Selections:** (xi)
- (A) **Objective:**
- _____ is competent to extend the currency of the selection panel. 1.
- % of marks are allotted for Professional ability if there is no viva voce. 2.
- % of marks are allotted for Professional ability if there is viva voce. 3.
- The currency of the panel can be extended for a period of with the 4.
- 5. test in a selection post.
- The candidates who secure ______ % of marks or above in aggregate shall 6. be classified as outstanding in a selection.
- For selection to the post in scale Rs. 5500-9000, the selection board shall consist 7. of
- For selection to the post in scale Rs. 5000-8000, the selection board shall consist 8. of
- 9. The trade test shall be conducted by
- Selection posts are filled in on the basis of the rule of seniority cum suitability. 10. (say true or false)
- 11. Filling up of a single post in single post cadre without applying reservation on ad hoc basis is permissible. (say true or false)
- Selection posts shall be filled by a _____ of selection made by selection 12. board from amongst the staff eligible for selection. (positive act)
- The positive act of selection shall consist of only _____ to assess the 13. professional ability of the candidates. (written test)
- In case of selection to the post of Teachers the positive act of selection consist of 14. both ______ and _____. (written test and viva voce test)
- A reasonable ______ notice should be sent to the candidates before the date of 15. examination. (advance)
- The staff in the immediate lower grade with a minimum of ______ service in 16. that grade only will be eligible for promotion. (02 vars)

- 17. If a junior is eligible for promotion, his senior also will be eligible for such promotion, although ______. (he might not have put in a total service of two years or more)
- 18. The positive act of selection for promotion to Loco Pilot (Passenger) will consist of ______ only to assess the professional ability of the candidates after passing the prescribed promotional course. (viva voce)
- 19. Eligible staff upto _____ times the number of staff to be empanelled will be called for the selection. (three)
- 20. Persons who have expressed ________ should not be reckoned in the zone of consideration. (unwillingness)
- 21. The assessment of vacancies for a selection post will include the existing vacancies and those anticipated during the course of next _____ months. (15)
- 22. In case of selection to ex-cadre posts, actual vacancies plus those anticipated in the next ______ should be taken into account for the purpose of assessment. (02 years)
- 23. The vacancies that arise due to likely acceptance of voluntary retirement/resignation shall be counted as anticipated for assessment of vacancies. (say true or false)
- 24. The vacancies that arise due to staff likely to go on transfer to other Railways/Divisions during the period under consideration shall be counted as anticipated for assessment of vacancies. (say true or false)
- 25. In regard to selection posts, it is essential that all the selections are conducted _______ in a regular manner. (annually)
- 26. In case holding of next selection becomes necessary, the same may be held after a minimum gap of ______ from the date of approval of the pervious panel. (six months)
- 27. In case of filling up of selection posts in safety categories, if it becomes necessary to hold the next selection within a gap of six months, the same may be held with the personal approval of ______. (General Manager)
- 28. Selection Board may be constituted under the orders of _____ or ____ or ____ or ____ or ____ or ____ not lower than a DRM/ADRM/CWM. (GM, HOD, other competent authority)
- 29. Selection Boards shall consist of not less than _____ officers. (three)
- 30. One of the selection board members shall be a _____ and one of the members shall be from a department other than _____. (Personnel Officer; that for which selection is held)
- For selection posts in scale Rs. 5500-9000 and above, the selection boards shall consist of officers of ______. (JA Grade)
 The answer books in a selection are invariably evaluated by a member officer of
- 32. The answer books in a selection are invariably evaluated by a member officer of the department ______. (for which selection is being held)
- 34. In the written test held as part of the selection for promotion to other lower grade selection posts, objective type questions should be set to the extent of about _____% of the total marks. (25%)

- 35. Grace marks may be allowed by the paper evaluating officer in individual cases. (say true or false)
- 36. Correction in the evaluation sheet for selection, should be attested by at least one of the committee members. (say true or false)
- 37. Maximum marks allotted in selections to posts within Group C for professional ability shall be ______ (50)
- 38. Maximum marks allotted in selections to posts within Group C for record of service shall be ______(30)
- 39. Maximum marks allotted in selections to posts within Group C for seniority shall be _____ (20)
- 40. The qualifying marks for professional ability in selections to posts within Group C shall be _____. (30)
- 41. Candidates must obtain a minimum of _____% marks in professional ability and _____% marks in of the aggregate for being placed on the panel. (60, 60)
- 42. In cases where both written and viva voce are part of selection, criteria for written test should not be less than _____ marks and the candidates must secure _____ % of marks in written for being called for viva voce. (35, 60)
- 43. In cases of selections where both written and viva voce tests are prescribed for selection, notional seniority marks are added to decide the eligibility for _____. (viva voce only)
- 44. In case of selections to ex-cadre posts and posts filed by calling for volunteers, marks will not be added to decide the eligibility for viva voce. (notional seniority)
- 45. The names of the candidates should be arranged on the panel in the order of _____. (seniority)
- 46. The candidates securing _____% or more marks in a selection are graded as outstanding. (80)
- 47. The candidates graded as outstanding and are allowed to supersede not more than _____% of total field of eligibility. (50)
- 48. The panels drawn by Selection Boards and approved by the competent authority shall be current for _____ years. (02)
- 49. The selection panels are current for 02 years from _____ or ____ or ____ whichever is earlier. (the date of approval by the competent authority, till they are exhausted)
- 50. In case a senior person in a selection panel does not officiate in the higher grade for reasons of his own, it is implied that he has refused the promotion (say true or false)
- 51. Removal of a Railway servant's name from the panel would require the approval of ______. (the authority next above that approved the panel initially)
- 52. For automatic empanelment, the original Group C post, the intermediate Group C selection post and the present post held by the employee are all in the same ______. (avenue of promotion)
- 53. For automatic empanelment, none of the posts in question is a _____ post for which several categories of staff are eligible. (general post)
- 52. Not more than ______ supplementary selection/s should normally be held to cater to the needs of absentees. (one)

- 53. A second supplementary selection should be held rarely with the personal approval of ______ based on merits of each case. (CPO)
- 54. The employee refusing promotion expressly or otherwise is debarred for future promotion for _____. (one year)
- 55. Promotion after one year will be subject to continued validity of the panel in which he is borne, otherwise he will have to appear again in the selection. (say true or false)
- 56. At the end of one year if the employee again refuses promotion at the outstation, his name may be deleted from the panel. 9say true or false)
- 57. Deletion of the name from the panel, due to refusal of promotion at outstation at the end of one year of refusal period, shall be automatic and no approval is needed. (say true or false)
- 58. The employee refused promotion will rank junior to those promoted from the same panel earlier to him. (say true or false)
- 59. The employee refused promotion will rank junior to those promoted during the refusal period from a panel as a result fresh selection subsequently held during the refusal period. (say true or false)
- 60. Refusal of promotion has no relevance to a particular post at a particular station. (say true or false)
- 61. Refusal to officiate on promotion at the same station may be taken as _____. (refusal to work)
- 62. Refusal to officiate on promotion at the same station may be taken as refusal to work and attracts disciplinary action. (say true or false)
- 63. An employee may officiate in higher grade on ad hoc basis for _____ weeks without passing trade test. (six)
- 64. Trade Test may comprise of both oral and practical to be held simultaneously. (say true or false)
- 65. There shall be no separate oral test not forming part of trade test for artisan categories for the purpose of screening them. (say true or false)
- 66. Exemption may be given from passing a prescribed promotional course in deserving cases. (say true or false)
- 67. In case promotional course has been prescribed as a pre-requisite condition to promotion, the employee may be allowed _____ chances to pass the course at the cost of administration. (3)
- 68. In case promotional course has been prescribed as a pre-requisite condition to promotion, any chances allowed beyond three is at the cost of employee. (say true or false)
- 69. Staff promoted to rectify the administrative error may be on _____ basis. (proforma)
- 70. In case of proforma promotion, the pay may be allowed from ______. (the date of actual promotion)
- 71. In case of proforma promotions, arrears are not admissible since the employee concerned shoulder ______. (the duties and responsibilities of higher post prospectively)
- 72. The question whether the promotion/appointment of a particular Railway servant to a post was erroneous or not should be decided by an authority ______ than the appointing authority. (next higher)

- 73. Whether the appointing authority is the President or Railway Board, the decision regarding erroneous promotion should rest with ______. (the President)
- 74. In selection posts of a cadre, the marks allotted under the head seniority is _____. (20)
- 75. In selection posts of a cadre, the marks allotted under the head record of service is _____. (30)
- 76. The head 'personality, leadership etc.,' for assessment of the suitability of a candidate in selections is done away with. (say true or false)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. Explain the process of filling up of the vacancies in a selection post from the stage of assessment of vacancies to empanelment.
- 2. Explain the process of filling up of the vacancies in a non-selection post.
- 3. Explain the provisions regarding Trade Tests for artisan categories.
- 4. What is erroneous promotion? What action is suggested in the rules to deal with the erroneous promotions?
- 5. Write Short notes on:
 (i) concept of anticipated vacancies. (ii) assessment of vacancies
 (iii) selection to persons on deputation. (iv) Currency of panels
 (v) Automatic empanelment (vii) Supplementary selections.

(xii) Seniority Rules.

- (A) Objective:
- 1. The general principles that may be followed in dertermining the senioirty of nongazetted Railway servants are enumerated in Chapter _____ of the IREM, Vol.I. (Chapter III)
- 2. The seniority among the incumbents of a post in ;a grade is governed by the ______. (the date of appointment to the grade)
- 3. Grant of pay higher than initial pay shuld not confer on a Railway servant seniority above those who are already appointed regularly. (say true or false)
- 4. The criterion for determination of seniority of a direct recruit should be ______. (the date of joining the working post after due process)
- 5. The criterion for determination of seniority of a promotee should be ______. (the date of regular promotion after due process)
- 6. When the dates of entry into a grade of the promotees and direct recruits are the same, they should be put in ______ positions, the promotees being senior to the direct recruits. (alternate)
- 7. In case training period is curtailed, the date of joining the working post in case of direct recruit shall be ______. (the date he would have normally come to a working post after completion of the prescribed training)
- 8. The seniority of the candidates recruited through RRB and sent for initial training is to be fixed in the order of ______. (merit at the examination held at the end of training)

- 9. In case no initial training is prescribed, the seniority of the candidates recruited through RRB is fixed in the order of _____. (merit assigned by RRB)
- 10. When two or more candidates are declared of the equal merit at one and the same examination, their relative seniority is determined by the _____. (date of birth)
- 11. In case date of birth becomes the criterion for determining the seniority, the ______candidate becomes the senior. (older)
- 12. In case of mutual transfer to a different seniority unit, their seniority is based on the ______ of the railway servant with whom they have exchanged, which ever of the two may be lower. (date of promotion)
- 13. In case of transfer to a different seniority unit in the interest of administration, the seniority is regulated by _____ (date of promotion/appointment to the grade as the case may be)
- 14. The Railway servants transferred at their own request from one seniority unit to another shall be placed ______ the existing confirmed, temporary and officiating Railway servants in the ______ grade. (below, relevant)
- 15. Transfer at own request to a different seniority unit is permitted if there is ______. (element of direct recruitment)
- 16. Transfer on request shall not be allowed in _____ grades in which all posts are filled entirely by promotion of staff from lower grades. (intermediate)
- 17. When dates of appointment to a grade is the same, ______ shall determine the seniority. (the dates of entry into grade next below it)
- 18. In case the dates of entry into grade next below that in which the seniority is being determined also coincide, the dates of entry into each of the ______ shall determine the seniority. (lower grades in order down to the lowest grade in the channel of promotion)
- 19. If the dates of entry in each of the lower grades in the channel also are identical, then the shall determine the seniority. (relative dates of birth)
- 20. The relative seniority of the Railway servants passing the examination/test in their due turn and on the same date shall be determined with reference to their _____. (substantive or basic seniority)
- 21. When a post is filled by considering staff of different seniority units, the total length of continuous service in the _____ or _____ grade held by the employees shall be the determining factor for assigning seniority. (same, equivalent)
- 22. While deciding the relative seniority of employee in an intermediate grade belonging to different seniority units, ______ service only should be taken into account. (non-fortuitous)
- 23. Non fortuitous service means the service rendered after the date of ______ after _____. (regular promotion, due process)
- 24. Railway servants may be permitted to see the seniority list in which their names are placed. (say **true** or false)
- 25. In case the seniority lists cannot be conveniently arranged for perusal by the concerned Railway servants, they may be informed of their position in the seniority list on _____. (request)

- 26. Staff concerned may be allowed to represent about the assignment of their seniority position within a period of ______ after the publishing of the seniority list. (one year)
- 27. No cases of revision in seniority lists should be entertained beyond one year. (say **true** or false)
- 28. Reduction in pay ______ affect a Railway servant's position on the seniority list. (Choose correct answer does or **does not**)
- 29. If the period of reduction to a lower service, grade or post is not specified in the order imposing the penalty, the person loses his ______ in the higher service, grade or post. (original seniority)
- 30. The seniority of a Railway servant, who is reduced to a lower service, grade or post for an unspecified period, should be determined by ______ without regard to the service rendered by him in such service, grade or post. (the date of repromotion)
- 31. Where staff is appointed to Railway service below the prescribed minimum age limit, the underage service will also count for the purpose of seniority. (say **true** or false)
- 32. The seniority of the medically decategorised staff will be fixed with reference to the ______. (length of service in equivalent grade prior to medical decategorisation)
- 33. The staff who get their cases recommended for change of category on medical grounds will be treated as _____. (transferred on own request)
- 34. Sr. Clerks in scale Rs. 4500-7000 and Stenos in scale Rs. 4000-6000 are treated on par for the purpose of preparing integrated seniority for Welfare Inspectors.(say **true** or false)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. How seniority of a Non-gazetted employee is fixed:
 - a. on appointment through RRB where there is no training.
 - b. On absorption after initial training.
 - c. Transfer on administrative grounds.
 - d. Transfer on request.
 - e. On transfer to another post on medical decategorisation.
 - f. On transfer to another post on surplus account.
 - g. On mutual exchange with another employee in other unit.
- 2. What is the significance of a 'Seniority List'? What are the general rules for drawl and circulation of seniority lists?
- 3. Write short notes on: (i) inter se seniority (ii) integrated seniority (iii) Fortuitous service

(xiii) Transfer/Transfer Grant:

- 1. Group D staff recruited prior to _____ without the condition of qualification will be eligible to seek transfer on request in recruitment grade on bottom seniority. (04.12.1998)
- 2. Group D staff recruited after _____ with relaxation of qualification will be eligible to seek transfer on request in recruitment grade on bottom seniority. (04.12.1998)
- 3. 50% of DA is taken into account as Dearness Pay for arriving at the quantum of composite transfer grant, in case of staff transferred prior to 01.04.2004 but relieved after that date. (say **true** or false).
- 4. Staff transported their luggage at their own on transfer without availing the facility of Kit Pass are entitled to the Composite Transfer Grant without any cut in the quantum. (say **true** or false)
- 5. In case the Railway accommodation is permitted to be retained by the family of the deceased for a period of 02 years, the time limit for availing the Composite transfer grant is ______. (30 months)
- 6. Claims for composite transfer grant can be entertained and paid along with settlement dues to the retiring staff. (say **true** or false)
- 7. Requests for transfer of sports persons recruited against sports quota form one Railway/unit/Division to another Railway/Unit/Division may be considered if the sports person has completed _____ years of service. (10 years)
- 8. The requests of the sports persons for transfer on mutual basis from one Zone/Division/Unit to another provided both are ______. (sports persons)
- 9. Cases involving inter Railway transfers of sports persons shall be referred to ______ for approval. (Railway Board)
- 10. All communications regarding transfer should be signed by _____ with his name and designation appearing below the signature. (a Gazetted Personnel Officer)
- 11. The memorandum/order sparing the employee on transfer should have the ______, _____ and _____ of the employee duly attested by the officer signing the memorandum/order of relief. (photograph, signature and LTI)
- 12. Staff qualified in GDCE and get posted to a station of their choice are entitled to Transfer Grant. (say **true** or false)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. Write short notes on:
 - (i) Transfer in the interest of Administration
 - (ii) Transfer on request of the employee
 - (iii) Posting of Wife and husband
 - (iv) Periodical Transfers
 - (v) Composite Transfer Grant.

XX. Hours of Employment Regulations.

- 1. Staff of essentially intermittent category must have a minimum of ______ consecutive hours of rest in a week include a full night.
- 2. The staff whose daily hours of duty include periods of inaction aggregating to ______hours or more are declared as essentially intermittent.
- 3. The intensive worker must have a minimum of _____ hours of rest in a week.
- 4. The rostered hours of duty of an intensive worker in a week shall be _____ hours.
- 5. Rostered hours of duty of essentially intermittent worker in a week shall be _____.
- 6. Railway servants employed in a confidential capacity are classified as _____.
- 7. Asst. Surgeons, matrons, sisters-in-charge & mid-wives are classified as _____.
- 8. Continuous staff are allowed a period of rest of _____ hours each week.
- 9. Casual Labour are governed under HOER. (say true or false)
- 10. In calculating the period of overtime, fraction of an hour less than 30 minutes shall be dropped. (say true or false).
- 11. Principles of averaging will not apply to Running staff. (say true of false)
- 12. Principles of averaging will apply to shift workers. (say true of false)
- 13. The period of averaging will be ______ in case of EI workers other than C class gatemen, caretakers of rest houses and saloon attendants etc.,
- 14. In case of C class gatemen, Care takers of rest houses & saloon attendants classified as Essentially Intermittent, the period of averaging shall be
- 15. No leave reserve shall be provided for staff in Railway schools. (say true of false).
- 16. In the category of Permanent Way Inspectors the leave reserve shall be _____%.
- 17. The weekly rest for essentially intermittent staff shall be ______ continuous hours in a week including one full night in bed.
- 18. When an employee work overtime beyond statutory limits, the payment of OT wil be made ______ times the ordinary rate of pay.
- 19. PR under HOER cannot be spread over two calendar days. (say true or false)
- 20. The staff excluded are eligible for night duty allowance. (say true or false)
- (B) Descriptive:
- 1. Describe the provisions of Hours of Employment regulations?
- 2. How are staff classified under HOER? What procedure is adopted for change of classification?
- 3. What notices are required to be displayed at the site of work under HOER? What are the registers required to be maintained?
- 4. What is job analysis? What are the mechanics of Job Analysis?
- 5. Define & explain:
 - (i) Intensive (ii) Essentially intermittent (iii) Long on
 - (iv) Short off (v) Split Shift (vi) Rest Givers (vii) Single OT
 - (viii) OTA to Running Staff (ix) Road side and other than road side stations
 - (x) sustained attention (xi) temporary exemption (xii) Principles of averaging

- 6. Explain the need for HOER in Railways? Define and explain different classifications under HOER duly giving rostered/statutory hours of work and rest?
- 7. How is overtime calculated for different categories of staff under HOER? Explain with examples.
- (C) Practical Questions:
- a) Draft a letter recommending the change of classification of Asst. Station Masters of a way side station from Essentially Intermittent to Continuous.
- b) What are the aspects to be covered in the inspection of a station, a shed and a subordinate office?
- c) Put up a note to the competent authority seeking approval for change of classification from Continuous to Essentially intermittent based on the proposal and report received from the division.

XXII. Labour Laws 1) The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 A. Objective:

- 1. Casual workers who have attained temporary status can be terminated for their misbehaviour/misconduct by giving show cause notice and DAR proceedings need not be followed. (say true or false)
- 2. Railway schools and Railway training schools are not covered under the provisions of Industrial Disputes Act, 1947. (say true or false)
- 3. Dispute between workmen and workmen which is connected with the employment or non-employment is called industrial dispute. (say true or false)
- 4. Casual labour in Railway Projects are workmen in terms of Industrial Disputes Act, 1947. (say true or false)
- 5. Break in service involves forfeiture of all leave earned upto the day of strike. (say true or false)
- 6. A workman shall be deemed to have completed one year of continuous service in the industry, if he has actually worked for not less than _____ days during a period of 12 calendar months.

B. Descriptive:

- 1. What are the salient features of the Industrial Disputes Act?
- 2. What do you mean by a strike? What are the two types of strikes? What are the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act regarding Strikes?
- 3. What is lock out? What are the differences between strike and lock out?
- 4. What is meant illegal strikes? What are the effects of illegal strikes?
- 5. What are the different machineries provided in the Industrial Disputes Act for resolving the disputes between workmen and employers?
- 6. What is meant by retrenchment under the ID Act? What are the conditions precedent to retrenchment?
- 7. Write short notes on:
 (i) Strike (ii) Lock out (iii) Lay Off (iv) Dies non
 (v) Public Utility Service (viii) Conciliation officers under ID Act, 1947
 (vii) National Industrial Tribunal (v) Break in service
- 2) Contract Labour (Regulation & Abolition) Act

3. The Payment of Wages Act, 1936 A. Objective:

- 1. The Payment of Wages Act, 1936 applies to the persons appointed through a Subcontractor by persons fulfilling a contract with a Railway administration. (say true or false)
- 2. The Payment of Wages Act, 1936 provides for a remedy for wages earned but not paid. (say true or false)

- 3. The Payment of Wages Act, 1936 does not provide for a remedy for investigation of a dispute as to whether the employee should be retained in one job. (say true or false)
- 4. The Payment of Wages Act, 1936 applies to a persons whose wages in respect of a wage period average below Rs. _____ per month.
- The term wages under Payment of Wages Act, 1936 include any remuneration 5. payable under any award of a court. (say true or false)
- The term wages under Payment of Wages Act, 1936 include any remuneration to 6. which the person employed is entitled to in respect of any leave period. (say true or false)
- 7. Any Bonus, which does not form part of remuneration payable under the terms of employment, is not wages in terms of Payment of Wages Act, 1936? (say true of false)
- 8. Wages under Payment of Wages Act, 1936 does not include mileage allowance payable to running staff. (say true or false)
- 9. Normally is nominated a pay master in the divisions.
- 10.
- No Wage period shall exceed _____. Wages hall be paid within _____ days of the last day of the wage period in an 11. establishment where less than 1000 are employed.
- Wages hall be paid within days of the last day of the wage period in an 12. establishment where more than 1000 are employed.
- 13. If the employment of any person is terminated by the employer, the wages earned by him shall be paid before ______ from the day on which his employment is terminated.
- All wages shall be paid in _____ or _____. 14.
- The employer may pay the wages by cheque or credit the wages in a bank account 15. after
- Fines imposed on an employee can not be deducted from the wages. (say true or 16. false).
- 17. The total amount of deduction from wages in a wage period shall not exceed % in case whole or part of such deduction is made for payment to Cooperative Societies.

B. **Descriptive:**

- 1. What are the salient features of the Payment of Wages Act, 1936?
- 2. Write briefly about the applicability of the Payment of Wages Act, 1936?
- 3. What do you mean by 'wages' under PW Act? What are permissible deductions from the wages of the employee governed under Payment of wages Act, 1936?
- What do you mean by Wage period? What are different wage periods in operation 4. on Railways? What are the provisions regarding wage periods under the Act?
- 5 List out different Acts and omissions suggested under Payment of Wages Act? What are the penalties prescribed under the PW Act for breach of acts?

4. The Minimum Wages Act, 1948 A. Objective:

- 1. In fixing minimum wages ______ is always taken into consideration.
- 2. In Railways, minimum wages admissible to workers in a particular locality are fixed by _____.

B. Descriptive:

- 1. What are the salient features of the Minimum Wages Act, 1966?
- 2. What categories of staff of Railways come under the purview of the Minimum Wages Act? What special privileges do they enjoy as regards wages?
- 3. What notices are required to be displayed under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948? What penalties are prescribed under the Act for different offences?

5. The Workmen Compensation Act, 1923 A. Objective:

- 1. The Productivity Linked Bonus forms part of wages within the meaning of Workmen's Compensation Act. (say true or false)
- 2. The cost of agreement, if any, so executed by dependents of deceased railway servant under Workmen's Compensation Act shall be borne by
- 3. Cost of agreement, if any, executed by surviving railway servant under Workmen's Compensation Act shall be borne by _____.
- 4. National Holiday Allowance is inclusive in the term wages under the Workmen Compensation Act, 1923. (say true of false)
- 5. Value of clothing supplied to the staff is not wages for the purpose of compensation under Workmen Compensation Act, 1923. (say true or false) (false)
- 6. Casual Labour are governed under WC Act, 1923. (say true or false)
- 7. The category of pay clerk would not fall within the definition of workman under the Workmen Compensation Act, 1923. (say true of false)
- 8. Vendors/waiters employed in catering department are not covered under the definition of workman under WC Act, 1923. (say true of false).
- 9. Disablement which reduces temporarily the earning capacity of a workman in any employment in which he was engaged at the time of accident resulting in disablement is called
- 10. Disablement which permanently reduces the earning capacity of a workman in every employment which he was capable of undertaking at the time of accident resulting in disablement is called _____.
- 11. Disablement not only reduces earning capacity of workman but incapacitates him from all work which he was capable of performing at the time of accident is called ______.
- 12. Amount of compensation payable for death resulting from the injury is equal to ______% of monthly wages multiplied by the relevant factor or an amount of Rs. ______whichever is more.

- 13. The amount of compensation payable for permanent total disablement resulting from the injury is equal to ______ % of monthly wages multiplied by the relevant factor or an amount of Rs. whichever is more.
- Half monthly payments under WC Act shall be payable on day from the 14. date of disablement, if it lasts for a period of 28 days or more.
- 15. Half monthly payments under WC Act shall be payable on day from the date of disablement, if it lasts for a period of less than 28 days.
- 16. Any payment or allowance received from employer for medical treatment is not called payment towards compensation under WC Act, 1923. (say true or false).
- 17. Employer is liable to pay compensation to workman, if a personal injury is caused _____ his employment. to the workman by accident arising
- 18. The employer shall not be liable to pay compensation in respect of an injury caused by an accident which is directly attributable to the workman under the influence of drinks/drugs at the time of accident. (say true or false).
- 19. The employer shall not be liable to pay compensation in respect of an injury caused by an accident which is directly attributable to the workman under the influence of drinks/drugs at the time of accident even when such injury results in his death. (say true or false).
- 20. Wilful disregard/removal of any safety guard which leads to an accident in which the workman is injured, no compensation shall be payable by the employer when such injury results in his death. (say true or false).
- Payment of compensation shall be made through in respect of a 21. workman whose injury has resulted in death.
- Appeal against the orders of the Commissioner for Workmen Compensation shall 22. lie to if a question of law is involved.

B. **Descriptive:**

- 1. What are the salient features of Workmen Compensation Act, 1923?
- 2. What are the circumstances under which the employer is liable to pay compensation to a workman under the Workmen Compensation Act, 1923?
- 3. Are the daily rated Casual labour, Apprentices or the substitutes are governed under the provisions of Workmen Compensation Act, 1923? What are the relevant provisions of the Act?
- 4. How are monthly wages determined for the purpose of calculation of compensation under the provisions of Workmen Compensation Act, 1923?
- 5. What are the different kinds of disablements and compensation payable for each?
- 6. Define and explain: (i) Permanent Partial disablement (iii) Half monthly payments
 - (ii)Temporary partial disablement (iv) Workman under WCA.

(v) Wages under WCA.

- (vi) Total disablement.

XXIII. Right to Information Act

- 1) When the RTI Act came into force?
- 2) What are the main aims and objectives of RTI Act?
- 3) Define the term 'information' under RTI Act.
- 4) What are the terms 'Record' and 'Right to Information' meant under RTI Act?
- 5) What is the procedure to make a request for information under RTI Act?
- 6) What is time limit prescribed where the information sought for concerns the life or liberty of a person?
- 7) Describe the circumstances under which there shall be no obligation to give the information to any citizen?
- 8) What is mant by 'third party information' under RTI Act?
- 9) Describe the constitution of Central Information Commission under RTI Act.
- 10) What is the term of office of the Chief Information Commissioner?
- 11) What is the minimum and maximum penalty that can be imposed at the time of deciding any complaint or offence for not providing the information or refusal to receive any application under RTI Act.
- 12) Which are the organizations the RTI Act do not apply?
- 13) What is the procedure for collection of fee for providing information under RTI Act?
- 14) Say True or False
 - a) An applicant making request under RTI Act shall require to give any reasons for the request.
 - b) The Chief Information Commissioner is eligible for re-appointment under the RTI Act.
- 15) Who appoints the State Chief Information Commissioner and State Information Commissioner?

XXIV. Official Language Act and Rules:

- (A) Objective:
- 1.
 In terms of Article 342 (1) of The Constitution of India, _____ language in _____ script shall be the official language of the Union. (Hindi, Devanagari)
- 2. Article 343 (2) of the Constitution of India empowers ______ to authorize use of Hindi in addition English. (The President of India)
- 3. The Official Language Act was passed in _____. (1963)
- 4. According to Official Language Rules, India is divided into _____ regions and they are _____, ____ and _____. (three, Region A, Region B and Region C)
- 5. What are the States that come under Region A? (Bihar, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh and Delhi).
- 6. What are the States that come under Region B? (Gujarat, Maharastra, Punjab and the Union territories of Andaman & Nicobar Islands and Chandigarh).
- 7. Region C means the states _____. (other than those in Regions A & B)

- 8. Communications from Central Government Offices to the States, Offices and persons in Region shall be in Hindi, and if it is in English, a Hindi translation shall accompany. (Region A)
- 9. Communications from Central Govt. Offices to States or Offices in region shall be in Hindi, and if it is in English, Hindi translation shall accompany. (B)
- 10. Communications from Central Govt. Offices to persons in Region B shall be in . (Hindi or English)
- 11. Communications from Central Government Offices to States or Persons in Region C shall be in . (English)
- 12. Communications between Central Government Offices - between one Ministry or Department and another may be in ______. (Hindi or English) Communications between Central Government Offices – between one Ministry or
- 13. Department and attached/subordinate offices in Region A may be in depending on number of persons having another may be in _____. (Hindi or English) Communications between Central Govt. Offices in Region A shall be in _. (Hindi)
- 14.
- 15. Communications between Central Govt Offices in Region B or C may be in . (Hindi or English)
- Translations of such communication shall be provided along with the 16. communication where it is addressed to Offices in _____. (Region C)
- Representations may be submitted by an employee in . (Hindi or English) 17.
- Representations, when made/signed in Hindi shall be replied to in . (Hindi) 18.
- 19. Notings in Central Government Offices may be made by an employee in and he be required to furnish a translation of it. (Hindi or English, will not)
- 20. If an employee has working knowledge of Hindi, he will not ask for English translation of a Hindi Document, unless it is of nature (legal/technical).
- Manuals, Codes, Forms, Notices etc., shall be printed or cyclostyled in 21. form. (Hindi & English Diglot)
- 22. The forms and heading on registers shall be in . (Hindi & English)
- All name plates, sign boards, letter heads, inscriptions on envelopes and other 23. stationery etc., shall be in . (Hindi & English)
- Responsibility to implement Official Language Rules is of _____. (Head of Office) 24.
- **(B)** Descriptive:
- 1. When an employee is deemed to possess proficiency in Hindi?
- When an employee is deemed to have acquired a working knowledge of Hindi? 2.
- 3. What are different steps taken by Railways to implement Hindi in official work?
- 4. What incentives are given for passing various Hindi Examinations?
- 5 What are the incentives for use of Rajabhasha?
- 6. Write salient Features of Official Language Act, 1963 as amended in 1976.
